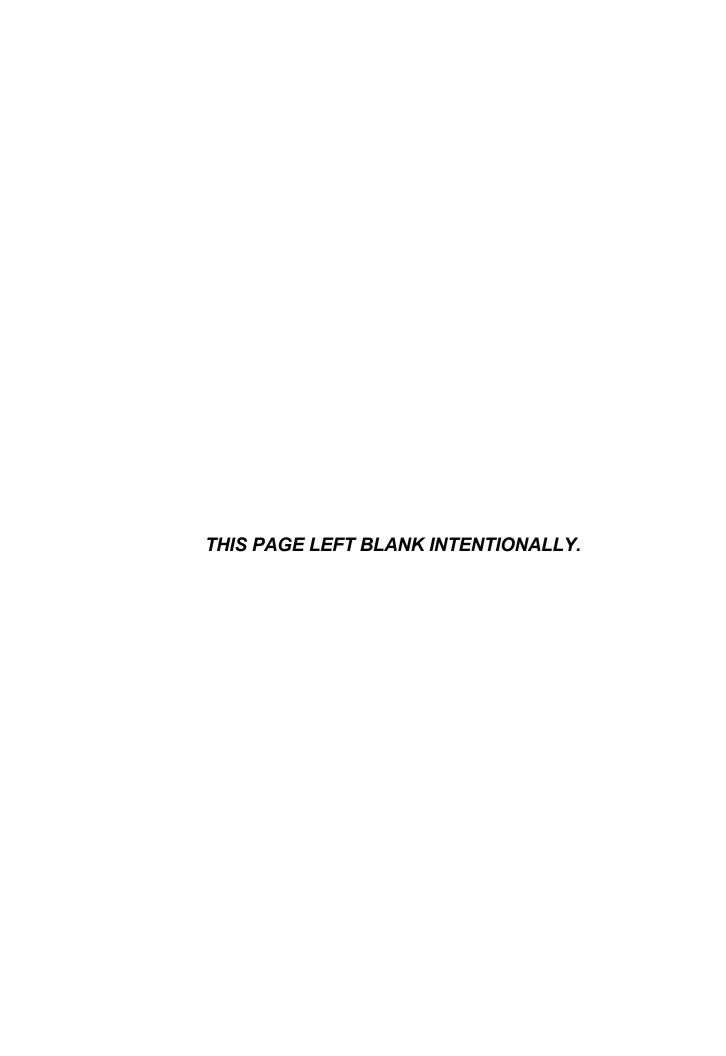
ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023



8 WEST WAY COURT LAKE JACKSON, TEXAS 77566



LAVACA COUNTY, TEXAS Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

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Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable County Judge and Members of Commissioners Court Lavaca County, Texas

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lavaca County, Texas (the "County"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County, as of September 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

The Honorable County Judge and Members of Commissioners Court Lavaca County, Texas

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly,
 no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

The Honorable County Judge and Members of Commissioners Court Lavaca County, Texas

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion, analysis and budgetary comparison information, required pension schedules and required OPEB schedules on pages 11 through 24 and 76 through 84 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Honorable County Judge and Members of Commissioners Court Lavaca County, Texas

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 29, 2024, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

KM&L, LLC

Lake Jackson, Texas May 29, 2024

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

As management of Lavaca County, Texas (the "County"), we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year for governmental and business-type activities by \$ 38,516,278 and \$1,276,428 (net position), respectively. Of this amount, the governmental activities reported an unrestricted net position of \$ 6,422,989, which may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors within the County's fund designations. The business-type activities reported an unrestricted net position of \$186,228.
- The County's total net position increased for governmental activities by \$ 4,376,124 and decreased for business-type activities by \$ 215,553.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$ 24,269,108 and its enterprise fund reported ending net position of \$ 1,276,428. 34.42% and 14.59% of these total amounts, \$ 8,435,997 (unassigned fund balance) and \$ 186,228 (unrestricted net position), respectively, were available for use within the County's fund designations.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$8,354,083 or 90.31% of the total general fund expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the County's assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in the future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused compensated absences).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The *governmental activities* of the County include general administration, judicial and legal, financial administration, public facilities, public safety, public transportation, health and welfare, and conservation. The *business-type activities* of the County include ambulance operations.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 27 through 29 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

 Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental fund statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, provides reconciliations to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

The County maintains thirty-five (35) individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Road & Bridge Fund and the COVID Recovery ARP Fund; all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other thirty-two (32) funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. The basic governmental funds financial statements can be found on pages 30 through 33 of this report.

- Proprietary Funds. The County maintains two categories of proprietary funds. The enterprise fund is used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in government-wide financial statements. The County uses an enterprise fund to account for its ambulance operations. The second type of proprietary fund is the internal service fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs of its self-funded worker's compensation and unemployment insurance internally among various funds and functions. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The basic proprietary funds financial statements can be found on pages 34 through 37 of this report.
- **Fiduciary Funds.** Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the County's operations. The County is the trustee, or *fiduciary*, for these funds and is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position that can be found on pages 38 and 39.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 42 through 74 of this report.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 76 through 84 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual statements and schedules can be found on pages 86 through 125 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of government's financial position. In the case of the County, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$39,792,706 as of September 30, 2023.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

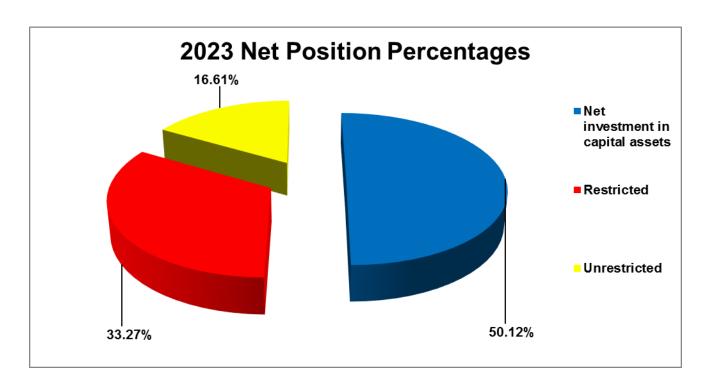
The largest portion of the County's net position, \$19,943,664 (50.12%) reflects its investments in capital assets (e.g., land; buildings and improvements; furniture, equipment and vehicles; right to use leased assets; and construction in progress), less any debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses capital assets to provide service to citizens; consequently these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

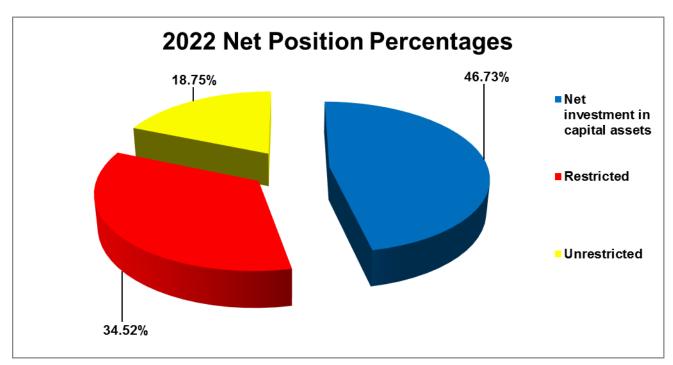
LAVACA COUNTY'S NET POSITION

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Totals					
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022				
Assets: Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 27,842,613 17,128,936	\$ 26,816,045 16,297,654	\$ 433,010 1,090,200	\$ 1,403,012 1,134,922	\$ 28,275,623 18,219,136	\$ 28,219,057 17,432,576				
Total assets	44,971,549	43,113,699	1,523,210	2,537,934	46,494,759	45,651,633				
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,975,158	2,001,588	642,573	385,914	2,617,731	2,387,502				
Liabilities: Current and other liabilities Long-term liabilities	2,629,399 5,560,032	3,138,291 2,421,698	92,308 733,982	20,432 148,242	2,721,707 6,294,014	3,158,723 2,569,940				
Total liabilities	8,189,431	5,559,989	826,290	168,674	9,015,721	5,728,663				
Total deferred inflows of resources	240,998	5,415,144	63,065	1,263,193	304,063	6,678,337				
Net Position: Net investment in										
capital assets	18,853,464	15,516,283	1,090,200	1,134,922	19,943,664	16,651,205				
Restricted Unrestricted	13,239,825 6,422,989	12,301,154 6,322,717	186,228	357,059	13,239,825 6,609,217	12,301,154 6,679,776				
Total net position	\$ <u>38,516,278</u>	\$ <u>34,140,154</u>	\$ <u>1,276,428</u>	\$ <u>1,491,981</u>	\$ <u>39,792,706</u>	\$ <u>35,632,135</u>				

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

An additional portion of the County's net position of \$ 13,239,825 (33.27%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position of \$ 6,609,217 (16.61%) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.





Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

Analysis of the County's Operations. Overall the County had an increase in net position of \$4,160,571. Governmental activities reported an increase in net position of \$4,376,124, while the business-type activities reported a decrease in net position of \$215,553. The reason for the increase of net position in the governmental activities primarily relates to capital assets balances. Net investment in capital assets balances increased by \$3,337,181 substantially due to the capital grants and contributions attributable to the COVID Recovery ARP Fund. Unrestricted net position in the governmental activities increased \$100,272, primarily due to the changes in the net pension liability. The reason for the decrease of net position in the business-type activities of \$215,553 primarily relates to increased expenses.

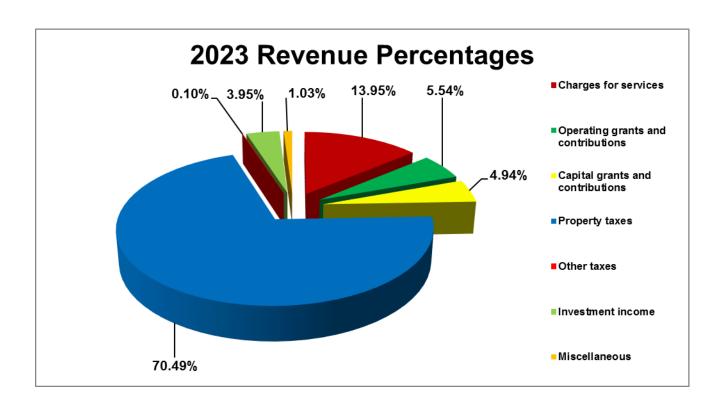
The following table provides a summary of the County's operations for the years ended September 30, 2023 and 2022:

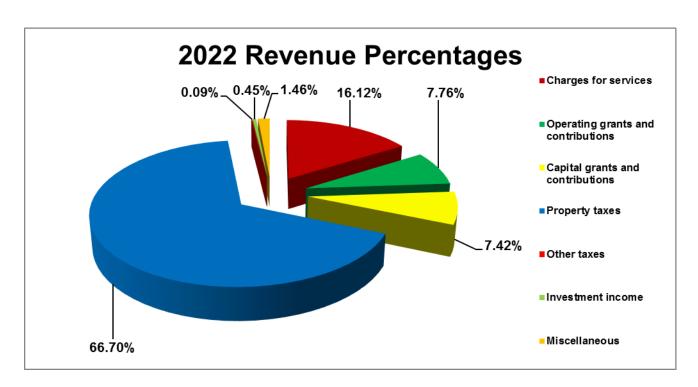
LAVACA COUNTY'S CHANGES IN NET POSITION

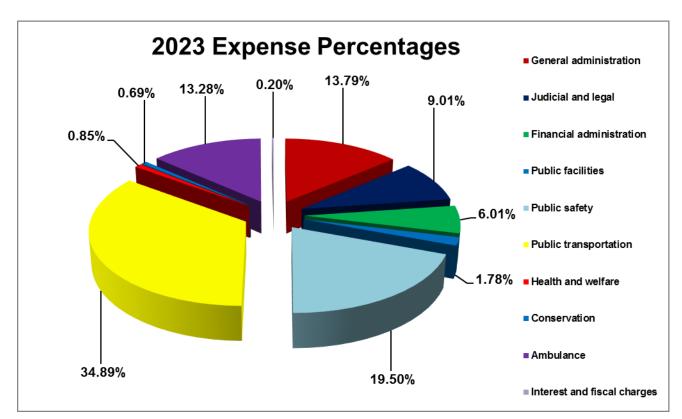
	_	Governmen	tal A	ctivities	_	Business-ty	pe A	ctivities	Totals			
Revenues:		2023		2022	20232022				_	2023	_	2022
Program Revenues: Charges for services Operating grants and	\$	2,366,062	\$	2,644,575	\$	1,015,593	\$	936,339	\$	3,381,655	\$	3,580,914
contributions		1,341,868		1,723,558		-		-		1,341,868		1,723,558
Capital grants and contributions General Revenues:		1,197,163		1,647,918		-		-		1,197,163		1,647,918
Property taxes		17,083,650		14,816,761		-		-		17,083,650		14,816,761
Other taxes		24,336		19,834		-		-		24,336		19,834
Investment income		953,272		99,513		4,382		814		957,654		100,327
Miscellaneous	_	243,149	_	253,898	-	5,395	_	70,818	_	248,544	_	324,716
Total revenues	_	23,209,500	_	21,206,057		1,025,370	_	1,007,971	_	24,234,870	_	22,214,028
												(continued)

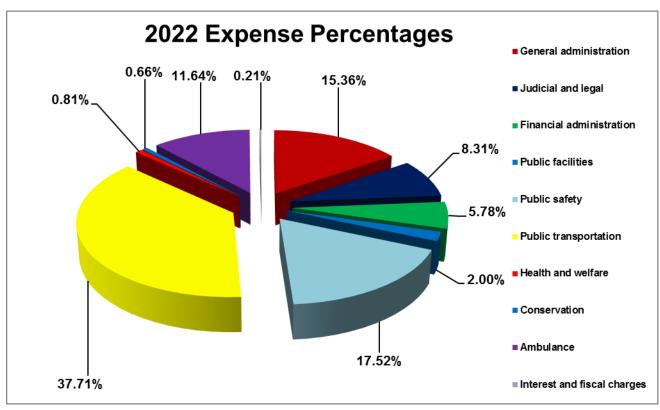
LAVACA COUNTY, TEXAS
Management's Discussion and Analysis
For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities					Business-ty	pe /	Activities	Totals				
		2023	_	2022		2023		2022	_	2023	_	2022	
Expenses:													
General administration	\$	2,768,184	\$	2,814,531	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,768,184	\$	2,814,531	
Judicial and legal		1,809,084		1,523,416		-		-		1,809,084		1,523,416	
Financial administration		1,206,471		1,058,613		-		-		1,206,471		1,058,613	
Public facilities		357,635		366,570		-		-		357,635		366,570	
Public safety		3,914,237		3,210,534		-		-		3,914,237		3,210,534	
Public transportation		7,003,597		6,909,369		-		-		7,003,597		6,909,369	
Health and welfare		171,239		148,435		-		-		171,239		148,435	
Conservation		138,021		121,078		-		-		138,021		121,078	
Ambulance		-		-		2,666,258		2,133,915		2,666,258		2,133,915	
Interest and fiscal charge	es_	39,573	_	38,774	_		_		_	39,573	_	38,774	
Total expenses	_	17,408,041	_	16,191,320	_	2,666,258	_	2,133,915	_	20,074,299	_	18,325,235	
Change in net position													
before transfers		5,801,459		5,014,737	(1,640,888)	(1,125,944)		4,160,571		3,888,793	
Transfers	<u>(</u>	1,425,335)	(1,145,105)	_	1,425,335	_	1,145,105	_		_	<u>-</u>	
Change in net position		4,376,124		3,869,632	(215,553)		19,161		4,160,571		3,888,793	
Net position – beginning	_	34,140,154	_	30,270,522	_	1,491,981	_	1,472,820	_	35,632,135	_	31,743,342	
Net position - ending	\$_	38,516,278	\$_	34,140,154	\$_	1,276,428	\$_	1,491,981	\$_	39,792,706	\$_	35,632,135	









Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$ 24,269,108. The unassigned fund balance of \$ 8,354,083 constitutes 34.42% of ending fund balance. The remainder of the fund balance is categorized as restricted in the amount of \$ 15,915,025.

Fund balance of the General Fund decreased by \$ 81,914; the Road & Bridge Fund increased by \$ 702,755; the COVID Recovery ARP increased by \$ 67,428 and other governmental funds increased by \$ 2,203,418. The General Fund and Road & Bridge Fund continue to have conservative fiscal oversight related to the budgeted expenditures. For the COVID Recovery ARP Fund, the County recognized grant revenue to the extent of authorized expenditures resulting in the change in fund balance being directly related to investment income.

Proprietary funds. The County's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The enterprise fund is used to account for ambulance operations. Net position at September 30, 2023 amounted to \$ 1,276,428. Total net position decreased \$ 215,553 (approximately 14.45%), and the decrease was primarily due to increased operational expenditures.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights. Over the course of the year, the County recommended and the Commissioners approved several revisions to budgeted revenue and appropriations. There was no overall change in revenues or expenditures from budget amendments in the current year. This resulted in actual revenues exceeding budgeted revenues by \$829,425 and budgeted expenditures exceeding actual expenditures by \$765,128.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

Capital Assets

The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2023, amounts to \$ 18,219,136 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land; buildings and improvements; furniture, equipment and vehicles; right to use leased assets; and construction in progress.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

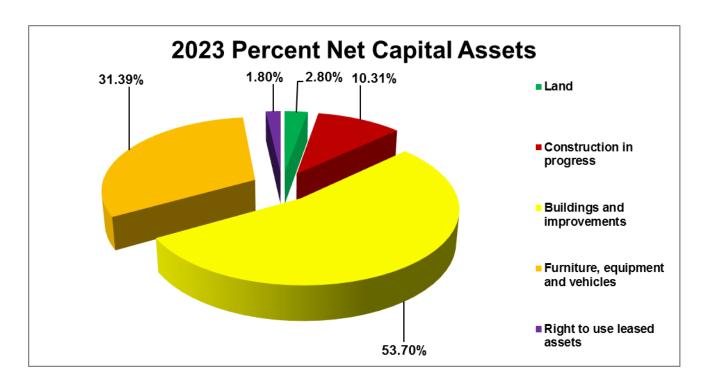
- Construction of radio tower system
- Acquisition of new vehicles, various road and bridge equipment and technology equipment

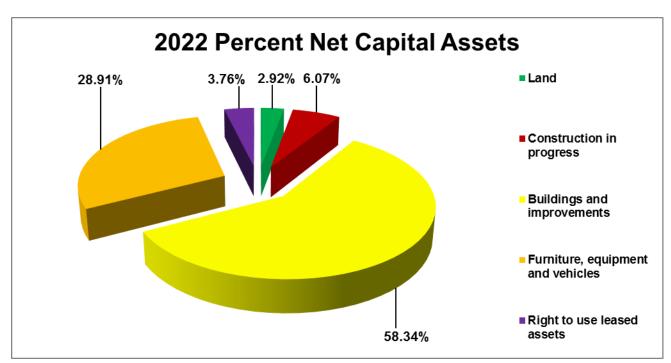
LAVACA COUNTY'S CAPITAL ASSETS Net of Accumulated Depreciation

		Governmen	tal	Activities		Business-ty	pe A	ctivities	Totals					
		2023		2022		2023	2022		_	2023	_	2022		
Land	\$	487,447	\$	487,447	\$	22,609	\$	22,609	\$	510,056	\$	510,056		
Construction in progress		1,878,177		1,058,150		-		-		1,878,177		1,058,150		
Buildings and improvemen	ıts	9,381,107		9,749,243		403,573		420,472		9,784,680		10,169,715		
Furniture, equipment and														
vehicles		5,054,484		4,347,373		664,018		691,841		5,718,502		5,039,214		
Right to use leased assets	_	327,721	-	655,441	_		_	<u>-</u>	-	327,721	_	655,441		
Total	\$_	17,128,936	\$_	16,297,654	\$_	1,090,200	\$_	1,134,922	\$_	18,219,136	\$_	17,432,576		

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 5 on pages 59 through 61 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2023





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Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

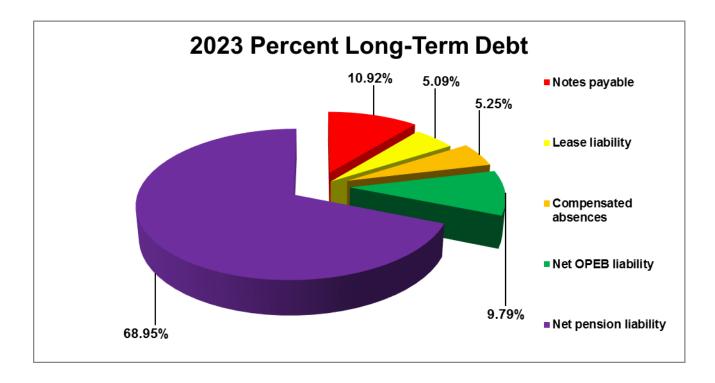
DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had a total debt of \$6,294,014 which, comprises notes payable, lease liability, compensated absences, total OPEB liability and net pension liability.

LAVACA COUNTY'S LONG-TERM DEBT

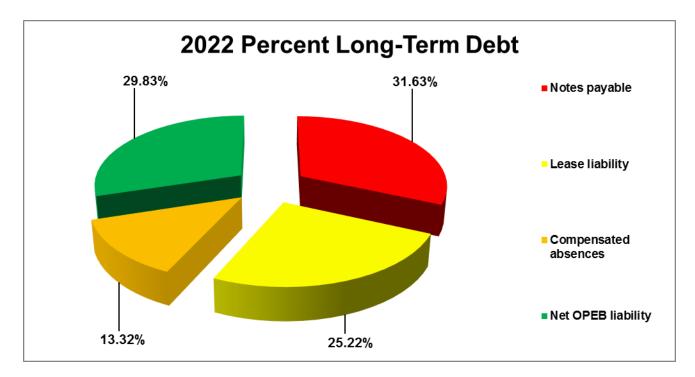
		Governmen	ctivities		Business-ty	pe A	Activities	Totals				
	2023		2022		_	2023		2022		2023	_	2022
Notes payable	\$	687,619	\$	812,818	\$	-	\$	-	\$	687,619	\$	812,818
Lease liability		320,361		648,026		-		-		320,361		648,026
Compensated absences		282,151		301,368		48,079		41,027		330,230		342,395
Total OPEB liability		541,097		659,486		74,885		107,215		615,982		766,701
Net pension liability	_	3,728,804	_		_	611,018	_		_	4,339,822	_	
Total	\$_	5,560,032	\$_	2,421,698	\$_	733,982	\$_	148,242	\$_	6,294,014	\$_	2,569,940

During the fiscal year, the County's total debt increased \$ 3,724,074 or 144.91%. The increase was due to the addition of the net pension liability.



Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended September 30, 2023



Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 on pages 61 through 62 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The annual budget is developed to provide efficient, effective and controlled use of the County's resources. Through the budget the County Commissioners set the direction of the County, allocate its resources and establish its priorities. The 2024 budget was adopted August 28, 2023 with General Fund expenditures of \$ 13,958,069 and a revenue budget of \$ 13,328,262.

The Commissioners' Court adopted an overall tax rate of \$ 0.513200 per \$100 assessed valuation.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Lavaca County Auditor, 109 N. La Grange, Hallettsville, Texas 77964, or call (361) 798-2711.





LAVACA COUNTY, TEXAS Statement of Net Position September 30, 2023

Acceptant	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Assets: Cash and temporary investments	\$ 26,827,243	\$ -	\$ 26,827,243
Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles):	φ 20,021,243	φ -	φ 20,021,243
Taxes	169,706	-	169,706
Accounts	773,486	445,136	1,218,622
Due from other governments	60,052	-	60,052
Internal balances	12,126	(12,126)	-
Capital Assets:	·	,	
Land	487,447	22,609	510,056
Construction in progress	1,878,177	-	1,878,177
Buildings and improvements (net)	9,381,107	403,573	9,784,680
Furniture, equipment and vehicles (net)	5,054,484	664,018	5,718,502
Right to use leased assets (net)	327,721		327,721
Total assets	44,971,549	1,523,210	46,494,759
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Deferred outflows of resources	1,975,158	642,573	2,617,731
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,975,158	642,573	2,617,731
Liabilities:			
Accounts and accrued liabilities payable	1,831,146	92,308	1,923,454
Accrued interest payable	4,726	-	4,726
Due to others	694	-	694
Unearned revenue	792,833	-	792,833
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Due within one year	722,285	33,389	755,674
Due in more than one year:			
Other long-term liabilities	567,846	14,690	582,536
Net pension liability	3,728,804	611,018	4,339,822
Total OPEB liability	541,097	<u>74,885</u>	615,982
Total liabilities	8,189,431	826,290	9,015,721
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Deferred inflows of resources	240,998	63,065	304,063
Total deferred inflows of resources	240,998	63,065	304,063
Net Position:			
Net investment in capital assets	18,853,464	1,090,200	19,943,664
Restricted:			. ,
Public transportation projects	11,602,459	-	11,602,459
Other	1,637,366	-	1,637,366
Unrestricted	6,422,989	186,228	6,609,217
Total net position	\$ <u>38,516,278</u>	\$ <u>1,276,428</u>	\$ <u>39,792,706</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

			Program Revenues Operating Capit						
			(Charges for		perating ants and	G	Capital Frants and	
Functions/Programs	<u>Expenses</u>			Services	Contributions		Contributions		
Primary Government:									
Governmental Activities:									
General administration	\$	2,768,184	\$	334,024	\$	733,616	\$	-	
Judicial and legal		1,809,084		236,288		371,868		-	
Financial administration		1,206,471		949,807		-		-	
Public facilities		357,635		13,758		-		-	
Public safety		3,914,237		108,237		111,807		1,197,163	
Public transportation		7,003,597		722,208		110,145		-	
Health and welfare		171,239		-		14,432		-	
Conservation		138,021		1,740		-		-	
Interest and fiscal charges	_	39,573	_				_		
Total governmental activities		17,408,041		2,366,062		1,341,868		1,197,163	
Business-Type Activities:									
Ambulance	_	2,666,258	_	1,015,593			_		
Total primary government	\$	20,074,299	\$_	3,381,655	\$	1,341,868	\$	1,197,163	

General Revenues: Property taxes Other taxes Investment income Miscellaneous Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position - beginning

Net position - ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes In Net Position
Primary Government

	Pr	<u>ima</u>	<u>ry Governmer</u>	<u>it</u>	
		E	Business-		
Go	vernmental		Туре		
	Activities		<u>Activities</u>		Total
¢ /	1,700,544)	Ф		\$(1,700,544)
\$(1,700,344)	Φ	-	Φ(1,700,344)
(256,664)		-	(256,664)
(343,877)		-	(
(-	(343,877)
(2,497,030)		-	(2,497,030) 6,171,244)
(6,171,244) 156,807)		-	(
(,		-	(156,807)
(136,281)		-	(136,281)
<u></u>	<u>39,573</u>)	_		<u></u>	<u>39,573</u>)
(12,502,948)		-	(12,502,948)
	-	(1,650,665)	(1,650,66 <u>5</u>)
		_		<u> </u>	
(12,502,948)	(_	<u>1,650,665</u>)	(14,153,613)
	17,083,650		_		17,083,650
	24,336		-		24,336
	953,272		4,382		957,654
	243,149		5,395		248,544
(1,425,335)		1,425,335	_	
	16,879,072	_	1,435,112		18,314,184
	4,376,124	(215,553)		4,160,571
	34,140,154		1,491,981	_	35,632,135
\$	38,516,278	\$	1,276,428	\$	39,792,706

LAVACA COUNTY, TEXAS *Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds* September 30, 2023

				Major Funds						
		General Fund		Road & Bridge Fund	COVID Recovery ARP Fund		Other Governmental Funds		G	Total overnmental Funds
Assets: Cash and temporary investments Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):	\$	8,633,433	\$	12,183,157	\$	1,694,333	\$	4,260,175	\$	26,771,098
Taxes Accounts Due from other governments Due from other funds		98,412 17,057 - 12,126		71,294 - -		- - -		- - 60,052		169,706 17,057 60,052 12,126
Total assets	\$_	8,761,028	\$	12,254,451	\$_	1,694,333	\$_	4,320,227	\$_	27,030,039
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances: Liabilities:										
Accounts and accrued liabilities payable Due to others Unearned revenue	\$	327,301 694	\$	651,992 - -	\$	820,027 - 792,833	\$	31,826	\$	1,831,146 694 792,833
Total liabilities	_	327,995	_	651,992	_	1,612,860	_	31,826	_	2,624,673
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred inflows of resources	_	78,950	_	57,308	_	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	_	136,258
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	78,950	-	57,308	_	-	_		_	136,258
Fund Balances: Restricted Unassigned	_	- 8,354,083	_	11,545,151 <u>-</u>	_	81,473 -	_	4,288,401	_	15,915,025 8,354,083
Total fund balances	_	8,354,083	-	11,545,151	_	81,473	_	4,288,401	_	24,269,108
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$_	8,761,028	\$_	12,254,451	\$_	1,694,333	\$_	4,320,227	\$_	27,030,039

Exhibit 3R

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Governmental Activities Statement Of Net Position September 30, 2023

24,269,108 Total fund balance - governmental funds balance sheet (Exhibit 3) Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (Exhibit 1) are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds. Those assets consist of: \$ Capital assets 34,674,167 Accumulated depreciation/amortization 17,545,231) 17,128,936 Some of the County's assets are not available to pay for the current period's expenditures and therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds. These assets consist of: \$ 136,258 Property taxes receivable Judicial receivables (net allowance for uncollectibles) 756,429 892,687 Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Liabilities at year-end related to such items consist of: Deferred outflows - pension \$ 1.893.415 Deferred outflows - OPEB 81.743 Accrued interest on bonds 4,726) Notes payable 687,619) Lease liability 320,361) Compensated absences 282,151) 3,728,804) Net pension liability Total OPEB liability 541,097) Deferred inflows - pension 109,648) Deferred inflows - OPEB 131,350) (3,830,598) Internal service funds are used by the County. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position. Internal service net position is: 56,145 38,516,278 Net position of governmental activities - statement of net position (Exhibit 1)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, And Change In Fund Balance - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

				Major Funds			
				-	COVID		
				Road &	Recovery	Other	Total
		General		Bridge	ARP	Governmental	Governmental
	_	Fund	_	Fund	Fund	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Funds</u>
REVENUES	•	0.750.000	•		•	•	* 4 7 040 404
Property taxes	\$	9,758,308	\$	7,287,826	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 17,046,134
Other taxes		24,336		-	4 500 450	204.044	24,336
Intergovernmental		371,724		13,417	1,583,453	361,941	2,330,535
Charges for services		1,384,040		722,208	-	149,651	1,533,691
Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures		47,715 118,052		122,200	-	2,674	769,923 120,726
Investment income		331,615		423,827	67,428	128,551	951,421
Miscellaneous		147,381		96,728	07,420	104,566	348,675
Miscellaneous	-	147,301	-	90,720		104,500	
Total revenues	_	12,183,171	_	8,544,006	1,650,881	747,383	23,125,441
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General administration		2,168,557		_	2,955	53,266	2,224,778
Judicial and legal		1,459,425		-	_,,,,,	379,216	1,838,641
Financial administration		1,220,499		_	_	-	1,220,499
Public facilities		236,802		-	-	29,150	265,952
Public safety		3,663,468		-	-	46,333	3,709,801
Public transportation		-		6,525,307	-	-	6,525,307
Health and welfare		172,391		-	-	-	172,391
Conservation		137,465		-	-	-	137,465
Capital outlay		122,279		1,337,457	820,027	42,000	2,321,763
Debt service:							
Principal		46,018		79,181	327,665	-	452,864
Interest and fiscal charges	_	23,322	_	11,135	7,471		41,928
Total expenditures	_	9,250,226	_	7,953,080	1,158,118	549,965	18,911,389
Evenes of revenues average and there		0.000.045		E00.006	400.762	107 110	4 044 050
Excess of revenues over expenditures	-	2,932,945	-	590,926	492,763	<u>197,418</u>	<u>4,214,052</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		9,269		93,701	-	-	102,970
Transfers in		65,872		90,000	-	2,006,000	2,161,872
Transfers out	(3,090,000	(71,872	(425,335		(3,587,207)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(3,014,859) _	111,829	(425,335	2,006,000	(1,322,365)
Net change in fund balance	(81,914)	702,755	67,428	2,203,418	2,891,687
Fund balances - beginning (restated)	_	8,435,997	_	10,842,396	14,045	2,084,983	21,377,421
Fund balances - ending	\$_	8,354,083	\$_	11,545,151	\$81,473	\$ <u>4,288,401</u>	\$ <u>24,269,108</u>

Exhibit 4R

Reconciliation Of The Statement Of Revenues, Expenditures And Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds to the Governmental Activities Statement Of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds (Exhibit 4)

\$ 2,891,687

Amounts reported for *governmental activities* in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation/amortization expense.

 Capital outlay
 \$ 2,321,763

 Depreciation expense
 (1,490,481)

831,282

Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect on premiums and similar items when debt is issued, whereas these amounts are amortized in the statement of activities.

Principal payments \$ 452,864

Change in accrued interest 2,355

Change in compensated absences 19,217 474,436

The net change in net pension liability, deferred outflows and deferred inflows is reported in the statement of activities but does not require the use of current resources and, therefore, is not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. The net change consists of the following:

Net pension liability increased \$(5,075,785)

Deferred outflows increased 3,725

Deferred inflows decreased 5,287,564 215,504

The net change in total OPEB liability, deferred outflows and deferred inflows is reported in the statement of activities but does not require the use of current resources and, therefore, is not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. The net change consists of the following:

Total OPEB liability decreased \$ 118,389

Deferred outflows decreased (30,155)

Deferred inflows increased (113,418) (25,184)

Because some property taxes receivable, and judicial receivables will not be collected for several months after the County's fiscal year ends, they are not considered available revenues in the governmental funds.

(20,762)

Internal service funds are used by the County. The net revenue of the internal service funds are reported with the governmental activities.

9,161

Change in net position of governmental activities (see Exhibit 2)

4,376,124

LAVACA COUNTY, TEXAS
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds
September 30, 2023

	Ambulance Fund	Internal Service Funds
Assets:		
Current Assets: Cash and temporary investments Accounts receivable	\$ - \$ 445,136	56,145 <u>-</u>
Total current assets	445,136	<u>56,145</u>
Capital Assets: Land Buildings and improvements Furniture, equipment and vehicles Accumulated depreciation	22,609 675,942 1,828,649 (<u>1,437,000</u>)	- - - -
Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	1,090,200	<u> </u>
Total assets	1,535,336	<u>56,145</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources: Deferred outflows of resources	642,573	-
Total deferred outflows of resources	642,573	
Liabilities: Current Liabilities: Accounts and accrued liabilities payable Due to other funds Compensated absences	92,308 12,126 33,389	- - -
Total current liabilities	<u> 137,823</u> _	
Noncurrent Liabilities: Compensated absences Net pension liability Net OPEB liability	14,690 611,018 	- - -
Total noncurrent liabilities	700,593	<u>-</u>
Total liabilities	<u>838,416</u>	
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred inflows of resources	63,065	<u>-</u>
Total deferred inflows of resources	63,065	
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	1,090,200 186,228	- 56,145
Total net position	\$ <u>1,276,428</u> \$	<u>56,145</u>

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position - Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

	Ambulance <u>Fund</u>	Internal Service Funds
Operating Revenues: Charges for services Contributions for self insurance	\$ 1,015,593 \$	- 71,113
Miscellaneous	5,395	
Net operating revenue	1,020,988	71,113
Operating Expenses: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Supplies Other charges Depreciation	1,542,036 538,575 117,161 243,947 224,539	- - - 63,803
Total operating expenses	2,666,258	63,803
Operating income (loss)	<u>(1,645,270</u>)	7,310
Nonoperating Revenues: Investment income	4,38 <u>2</u>	1,851
Total nonoperating revenues	<u>4,382</u>	1,851
Net income (loss) before transfers	(1,640,888)	9,161
Transfers in	<u> 1,425,335</u>	
Change in net position	(215,553)	9,161
Net position - beginning	1,491,981	46,984
Net position - ending	\$ <u>1,276,428</u> \$	56,145



Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

	Ambulance S	nternal Service Funds
Cash Flows From Operating Activities: Cash flows received from customers and others Cash receipts from interfund services provided Cash received from other funds Cash paid to and on behalf of employees Cash paid to suppliers and others	\$ 969,201 \$ - 12,126 (2,110,477) (355,367) (71,113 - 63,803)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(1,484,517)	7,310
Cash Flows from Noncapital and Financing Activities: Transfers from other funds	1,425,33 <u>5</u>	<u>-</u>
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	1,425,335	
Cash Flows From Capital and Financing Activities: Acquisition of capital assets	(179,817)	<u>-</u>
Net cash used by capital financing activities	<u>(179,817</u>)	
Cash Flows From Investing Activities: Investment income	4,382	1,851
Net cash provided by investment activities	4,382	1,851
Net change in cash and temporary investments	(234,617)	9,161
Cash and temporary investments - beginning	234,617	46,984
Cash and temporary investments - ending	\$	56,145
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: Operating Activities:		
Operating income (loss) Depreciation Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	\$(1,645,270) \$ 224,539	7,310 -
(Increase) Decrease In: Accounts receivable Pension and OPEB deferred outflows Increase (Decrease) In:	(51,787) (256,659)	-
Accounts and accrued liabilities payable Due to other funds Compensated absences Total OPEB liability Net pension liability/(asset)	71,876 12,126 7,052 (32,330) 1,386,064	- - -
Pension and OPEB deferred inflows	(1,200,128)	<u>-</u>
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ <u>(1,484,517</u>) \$	7,310

Exhibit 8

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position September 30, 2023

	Private- Purpose Trust Fund	Custodial Funds
Assets Cash and temporary investments	\$80,635	\$ <u>1,351,263</u>
Total assets	80,635	1,351,263
Liabilities: Held for others	224	
Total liabilities	224	-
Net Position: Held in trust for historical commission Individuals, organizations and other governments	80,411 	
Total net position	\$ <u>80,411</u>	\$ <u>1,351,263</u>

Exhibit 9

LAVACA COUNTY, TEXASStatement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds
For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

A LIVE	Private- Purpose Trust <u></u> Fund	Custodial Funds			
Additions: Held for others	\$ 13,785	\$ 59,240,389			
Investment income	2,403	<u>5,805</u>			
Total additions	16,188	59,246,194			
Deductions: Distribution to others Payments to other governments	10,548 	4,301,007 55,688,416			
Total deductions	10,548	59,989,423			
Change in net position	5,640	(743,229)			
Net position - beginning	74,771	2,094,492			
Net position - ending	\$80,411	\$ <u>1,351,263</u>			



LAVACA COUNTY, TEXAS
Notes to the Financial Statements
For The Year Ended September 30, 2023

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Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

Lavaca County, Texas (the "County") was established in 1846 by the Republic of Texas. Commissioners Court is the level of government which has oversight responsibility and control over all activities of the County. The Commissioners Court is composed of four commissioners, each elected from the four precincts in the County and the County Judge elected from the entire County. The members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the ability to influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

In evaluating how to define the government, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in generally accepted account principles. Based upon the application of these criteria, the following is a brief review addressed in defining the County's reporting entity.

Financial accountability - The primary government is deemed to be financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of an Organization's governing body and 1) is able to impose its will on that Organization or 2) there is a potential for the Organization to provide specific financial benefits or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government. Additionally, the primary government may be financially accountable if an Organization is fiscally dependent on the primary government, regardless of whether the Organization has a separately elected governing board, a governing board appointed by a higher level of government or a jointly appointed board. There are no component units which satisfy requirements for blending or discrete presentation within the County's financial statements.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report financial information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, interfund activity has been removed from these statements; however, interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The County has no business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given program are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given program and 2) operating or capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The County has one enterprise fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting,* as are the fiduciary funds financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Revenues from property and other taxes, grants and contracts, fees (charges for services), fines (including forfeitures), and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available.

Revenue from investments, including governmental external investment pools, is based upon fair value. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. Most investments are reported at amortized cost when the investments have remaining maturities of one year or less at time of purchase. External investment pools are permitted to report short-term debt investments at amortized cost, provided that the fair value of those investments is not significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer, or other factors. For that purpose, a pool's short-term investments are those with remaining maturities of up to ninety days.

Grant funds are considered earned to the extent of the expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until the related and authorized expenditures have been made. If balances have not been expended by the end of the project period, grantors sometimes require the County to refund all or part of the unused amount.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, and 2) operating and capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

The County has presented the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the County, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not restricted by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures, fixed charges and capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the general fund.

The Road & Bridge Fund is a special revenue fund that accounts for property taxes, fees from auto registration, certificates of title, and gross weight and axle fees, and approved expenditures for public transportation projects.

The *Covid Recovery ARP Fund* is the County's fund used to account for federally sourced revenue used to replace County revenue lost due to the COVID-19 public health emergency.

The County has presented the following major proprietary fund:

The Ambulance Fund is an enterprise fund used to account for the emergency medical services operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing services be financed primarily through user charges, or where periodic determination of net income is appropriate. Activities of the fund include administration, operations and maintenance for the emergency medical services and billing and collection activities. The fund also accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal and interest. All costs are financed through charges to emergency medical services customers with rates reviewed regularly and adjusted if necessary to ensure integrity of the fund.

The County reports the following fiduciary funds:

The *Historical Commission Fund* is a private purpose trust fund, which accounts for revenues, publication sales, and private donations used by the Historical Commission Board of Directors to preserve Lavaca County's heritage.

The *custodial funds* account for assets that the government holds on behalf of others as their agent. The County's custodial funds include County Attorney, County Clerk, District Clerk, Sheriff, and Tax Collector funds.

New Pronouncements

GASB issues statements on a routine basis with the intent to provide authoritative guidance on the preparation of financial statements and to improve governmental accounting and financial reporting of governmental entities. Management reviews these statements to ensure that preparation of its financial statements are in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and to anticipate changes in those requirements. The following recent GASB Statements reflect the action and consideration of management regarding these requirements:

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

New Pronouncements - Continued

GASB Statement No. 94 "Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements" was issued in March 2020. The statement was implemented and did not have a material effect on the financial statements of the County. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 96 "Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements" was issued in May 2020. The statement was implemented and did not have a material effect on the financial statements of the County. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 99 "Omnibus 2022" was issued in April 2022. The statement was implemented and did not have a material effect on the financial statements of the County. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 100 "Accounting Changes and Error Corrections - an amendment to GASB Statement No. 62" was issued in June 2022. The management of the County does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the County. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 101 "Compensated Absences" was issued in June 2022. The management of the County does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the County. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023.

Budgetary Data

The budget law of the State of Texas provides that amounts budgeted for current expenditures from the various funds of the County shall not exceed the balances in the funds, plus the anticipated revenues for the current year as estimated by the County Auditor. The legal level of budgetary control is at the category or line item level (salaries and wages and employee benefits, and operating expenditures) within departments of each fund. Any expenditure, which alters the total budgeted amounts of a fund must be approved by Commissioners Court, and the budget amended. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the General Fund and certain special revenue funds (Road & Bridge Fund, Appellate Judicial System Fee Fund, County Attorney Pretrial Fee Fund, Task Force Indigent Defense Fund, Justice Court Building Security Fund, County Clerk Digital Preserve Fund, District Clerk Digital Preserve Fund, County Clerk Technology Fund, District Clerk Archive Fund, Justice Court Technology Fund, County Clerk Records Management Fund, District Clerk Records Management Fund, Jury Service Fund, Courthouse Records Management Fund, Courthouse Security Fund, Records Archive Fund, Law Library Fund and Attorney Hot Check Collection Fund).

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Budgetary Data - Continued

The County Judge is, by statute, the Budget Officer of the County and has the responsibility of preparing the County's budget. Under the County's budget procedures, each department submits a budget request to the County Judge. The County Judge reviews budget requests and holds informal hearings as necessary. Before September 1, a proposed budget is presented to the Commissioners Court. A public hearing is then held, and the Commissioners Court acts on the proposed budget. Before determining the final budget, the Commissioners Court may increase or decrease the amounts requested by the various departments. Amounts budgeted may not exceed the estimate of revenues and available cash.

Once the budge has been adopted by Commissioners Court, the County Auditor is responsible for monitoring the expenditures of the various departments of the County to prevent expenditures from exceeding appropriations and for keeping members of Commissioners Court advised of the conditions of the various funds and accounts.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, department and category. Any transfers of appropriations are first approved by the Commissioners Court. Department heads may approve line item transfers for expenditures of their respective department. However, no amendments for the personnel services category may be made without Commissioners Court approval to the total budget. Thus, the legal level of budgetary control is at the personnel services category level within each department and the department level overall. Expenditures can exceed appropriations as long as they do not exceed the available revenues and cash balances.

Encumbrances

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting - under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation - is utilized. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be honored during the subsequent year. As of September 30, 2023, the County had no encumbrances outstanding.

Cash and Investments

Cash and temporary investments include amounts in demand deposits and short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the County. For purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and temporary investments are considered cash equivalents. In accordance with GASB Statement 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools", investments are stated at fair value.

The County maintains cash that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the combined balance sheet as cash and temporary investments under each fund's caption. Funds are allowed to exceed the amount of their equity in the pooled cash account. Funds with overdrawn accounts are disclosed as an interfund payable in the liability section of the balance sheet.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied as of October 1st of each year with statements prepared and mailed at that date or soon thereafter. The tax levy is based upon appraised property values as of each previous January 1st for all taxable property within the County. Payments are due and payable when taxes are levied and may be timely paid through January 31st. On February 1st, taxes become delinquent and subject to penalty and interest charges. After June 30th, any uncollected taxes are subject to tax suit and additional charges to offset related legal costs. The lien date for property taxes is July 1st.

The appraisal of property within the County is the responsibility of the Lavaca County Appraisal District. The Texas Legislature established the Appraisal District and the related Appraisal Review Board in 1979 through the adoption of a comprehensive Property Tax Code. The Appraisal District is required under the Code to assess property at 100% of its appraised value. Real property is reappraised at least every four years. Under certain circumstances, taxpayers and taxing units including the County, may challenge orders of the Appraisal Review Board through various appeals and, if necessary, legal action.

Under the Code, the Commissioners Court will continue to set annual tax rates on the property. The Code also provides that, if approved by the qualified voters in the Appraisal District, collection functions may be placed with the Appraisal District. The County bills and collects its property taxes and those of certain other taxing entities. Collections of those taxes pending distribution are accounted for in a custodial fund.

The County is permitted by Article VIII, Section 9 of the State of Texas Constitution to levy taxes up to \$ 0.80 per \$ 100 assessed valuation for general governmental services including payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt and maintenance of roads and bridges. Article 6790 of Vernon's Civil Statutes permits the County to collect an additional \$ 0.15 per \$ 100 valuation for road and bridge purposes. Article 7048a of Vernon's Civil Statutes permits the County to collect \$ 0.30 per \$ 100 valuation for road, bridge and flood control purposes.

The County's 2022 tax levy, supporting the 2023 fiscal period budget, totaled \$ 0.5239 per \$ 100 valuation and was comprised as follows:

General Fund	\$ 0.2998
Road and Bridge Funds	 0.2241
Combined tax rate	\$ 0.5239

Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". The County had no advances between funds. All activity between funds was for short-term cash flow requirements.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Inventories and Prepaid Items

The County utilizes the consumption method to account for inventory and prepaid expenditures. Under this method, inventory and prepaid expenditures are considered an expenditure when used rather than when purchased. Significant inventories are reported on the balance sheet at cost, using the first-in, first-out method, with an offsetting reservation of fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements since they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of current assets. Inventories in the governmental funds are comprised of road materials, bulk fuel, parts, and chemicals. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in government-wide and prepaid expenditures in the fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, construction in progress, vehicles and equipment, buildings and improvements, and right to use leased assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical is not available. Donated assets are valued at their acquisition value on the date of donation. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses. Renewals and betterments are capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. The amount of interest cost to be capitalized on assets with tax-exempt borrowing is equal to the cost of the borrowing less interest earned on the related tax-exempt borrowing. During the year ended September 30, 2023, no capitalized interest was included in the cost of capital assets under construction.

Assets capitalized have an original cost of \$5,000 or more and over two years of useful life. Depreciation has been calculated on each class of depreciable property using the straight-line method. Leased assets are depreciated over the lesser of the term of the related lease or the estimated useful lives of the assets. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings and improvements 20-40 Years
Furniture, equipment and vehicles 3-10 Years
Right to use leased assets 3 Years

Compensated Absences

It is the County's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation benefits, which are eligible for payment upon separation from government service. The liability for such leave is reported as incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for those amounts is recorded in the governmental funds only if the liability is matured as a result of employee resignation or retirement.

Accumulated sick leave lapses when employees leave the employ of the county and, upon separation from service, no monetary obligation exists.

The liability for compensated absences disclosed in the financial statements represents accumulated vacation and compensatory time at September 30, 2023, computed at pay rates in effect at that time was \$ 282,151 for governmental activities and \$ 48,079 for business-type activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Guidance for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources is provided by GASB No. 63, "Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position". Concepts Statement No. 4, Elements of Financial Statements, introduced and defined those elements as a consumption of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period, and an acquisition of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future period, respectively. Previous financial reporting standards do not include guidance for reporting those financial statement elements, which are distinct from assets and liabilities. Further, GASB No. 65, "Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities", had an objective to either (a) properly classify certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources or (b) recognize certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities as outflows of resources (expenses or expenditures) or inflows of resources (revenues).

Leases

Lessee: The county is a lessee for noncancellable leases. The County recognizes a lease liability and a right to use leased asset in the government-wide financial statements. The District recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the County initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgements related to leases include how the County determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The County uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest
 rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the County generally uses its estimated incremental
 borrowing rate as the discount rate for the leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the
 measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price
 that the County is reasonably certain to exercise.

The County monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Pension Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS) and additions to/deductions from TCDRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TCDRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Post-Employment Benefits

The County has a defined benefit group-term life insurance plan administered by TCDRS. Total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to total OPEB liability, and total OPEB expense have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, the plans recognize benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as interest and fiscal charge expenses.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing resources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund Balance

The County's Commissioners Court meets on a regular basis to manage and review cash financial activities and to ensure compliance with established policies. The County's unassigned General Fund Balance is maintained to provide the County with sufficient working capital and a margin of safety to address local and regional emergencies without borrowing. The unassigned General Fund Balance may only be appropriated by resolution of the County's Commissioners Court. Fund Balance of the County may be committed for a specific source by formal action of the County's Commissioners Court. Amendments or modifications of the committed fund balance must also be approved by formal action by the County's Commissioners Court. When it is appropriate for fund balance to be assigned, the County's Commissioners Court has delegated authority to the County Judge or the County Auditor. In circumstances where an expenditure is to be made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, the order in which resources will be expended are as follows: restricted fund balance, followed by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and lastly, unassigned fund balance.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Fund Balance - Continued

The *nonspendable* fund balance includes a portion of net resources that cannot be spent because of their form or because they must be maintained intact. Resources not in spendable form include inventories, prepaid expenditures and long-term receivables.

The *restricted* fund balance includes net resources that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers (creditors, grantors, and contributors), laws and regulations of other governments, or through enabling legislation. The enabling legislation authorizes the County to access, levy, charge or otherwise mandate payment of resources from external resource providers; those resources can be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. The County's fee revenue generated through enabling legislations include auto registration fees, birth/death certificate fees, adult bond supervision fees, child abuse protection fees, court technology fees, election service fees, family protection fees, financial security fees, juvenile case management fees, law library fees, records archive fees, and records management and preservation fees reported under Non-Major Special Revenue Funds, and auto registration fees, certificates of title, and gross weight and axle fees reported under the Road & Bridge Precinct Funds.

The *committed* fund balance includes spendable net resources that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal Commissioners Court actions, no later than the close of the fiscal year. These actions must be in the form of a resolution approved by Commissioners Court. Those constraints remain binding unless removed or changed in the same manner employed to previously commit those resources. At September 30, 2023, there are no committed fund balances.

The assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the County's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Such intent should be expressed by Commissioners Court or its designated officials to assign amounts to be used. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts can be removed with no formal Commissioners Court actions. At September 30, 2023, there are no assignments of fund balance.

The *unassigned* Fund Balance represents spendable net resources that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Fund Balance - Continued

The following schedule presents details of fund balance components at September 30, 2023:

		Major Funds	Non-Major <u>Funds</u>	_	
	General Fund	Road & Bridge Fund	COVID Recovery ARP Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Fund Balance: Restricted					
Capital projects Court improvements and operations Family protection services Federal grants Legal services	\$ - - - -	\$ - - - - -	\$ - - - 81,473	\$ 2,732,508 41,201 19,414 - 169,325	\$ 2,732,508 41,201 19,414 81,473 169,325
Library services Public safety Public transportation projects	- - -	- - 11,545,151	- - -	119,134 649,660 -	119,134 649,660 11,545,151
Records management State grants and appropriations Unassigned	8,354,083	- - -	<u>-</u>	523,737 33,422 	523,737 33,422 8,354,083
Total fund balance	\$ <u>8,354,083</u>	\$ <u>11,545,151</u>	\$ <u>81,473</u>	\$ <u>4,288,401</u>	\$ <u>24,269,108</u>

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of any borrowing spent for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

		Governmental <u>Activities</u>		71		Total
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	18,853,464	\$	1,090,200	\$	19,943,664
Restricted:						
Court improvements and operations		41,201		-		41,201
Family protection services		19,414		-		19,414
Federal grants		81,473		-		81,473
Legal services		169,325		-		169,325
Library services		119,134		-		119,134
Public safety		649,660		-		649,660
Public transportation projects		11,602,459		-		11,602,459
Records management		523,737		-		523,737
State grants and appropriations		33,422		-		33,422
Unrestricted	_	6,422,989		186,228	_	6,609,217
Total net position	\$	38,516,278	\$	1,276,428	\$_	39,792,706

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The County classifies deposits and investments for financial statement purposes as cash and temporary investments, and investments based upon both liquidity (demand deposits) and maturity date (deposits and investments) of the asset at the date of purchase. For this purpose, a temporary investment is one that when purchased had a maturity date of three months or less. Investments are classified as either short-term investments or investments. Short-term investments have a maturity of one year or less and investments are those that have a maturity of one year or more. See Note 1 for additional Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 31 disclosures.

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to them. The County requires that all deposits with financial institutions be collateralized in an amount equal to 110 percent of uninsured balances.

At year-end, the carrying amount of the County's financial institution deposits, was \$28,259,141, while the financial institution balances totaled \$28,423,667. Of these balances, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance coverage and \$28,173,667 was covered by collateral held by the County's agent in the County's name.

Investments

Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code (the Public Funds Investment Act) authorizes the County to invest its funds under a written investment policy. The investment policy primarily emphasizes safety of principal and liquidity, addresses investment diversification, yield, and maturity and also addresses the quality and capability of investment personnel. This investment policy defines what constitutes the legal list of investments allowed under the policy, which excludes certain instruments allowed under the Public Funds Investment Act.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Investments - Continued

The County's investment policy authorizes the County to invest in 1) obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities; 2) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies; 3) other obligations, the principal of and interest on which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas or the United States; 4) obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm and having received a rating of not less than A or its equivalent; 5) certificates of deposit by state and national banks domiciled in the state that are guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or secured by obligations that are described in 1) through 4); 6) money market mutual funds regulated by the Securities an Exchange Commission with a dollar weighted average portfolio maturity of 90 days or less; 7) eligible investment pools organized and operating in compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act that have been authorized by Commissioners Court, and whose investment philosophy and strategy are consistent with the Policy and the County's ongoing investment strategy.

The County's Investment Officer submits an investment report quarterly to Commissioners Court. The report details the investment position and transactions of the County and the compliance of the investment portfolio as it relates to both the adopted investment strategy and Texas state law.

For the year ending September 30, 2023, the County did not have any investments.

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES, UNCOLLECTIBLE ACCOUNTS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND UNEARNED REVENUES

Receivables and Allowances

Receivables as of September 30, 2023, for the government's individual governmental major and nonmajor funds, and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	Governmental Funds							
				Road &		Other		Total
		General		Bridge	Go	overnmental	Go	vernmental
		Fund		Fund	Funds		Funds	
Receivables:								
Property taxes	\$	280,345	\$	189,768	\$	-	\$	470,113
Due from other governments	_		_		_	60,052	_	60,052
Gross receivables		280,345		189,768		60,052		530,165
Less Allowance for Uncollectible: Property taxes	_	181,933	_	118,474	_	<u>-</u>	_	300,407
Net total receivables	\$	98,412	\$_	71,294	\$_	60,052	\$_	229,758

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES, UNCOLLECTIBLE ACCOUNTS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND UNEARNED REVENUES - Continued

Receivables and Allowances - Continued

	Proprietary Funds Ambulance Fund
Receivables: Accounts	\$ 684,824
Gross receivables	684,824
Less Allowance for Uncollectibles: Accounts	239,688
Net total receivables	\$ <u>445,136</u>

Receivables From Other Governments

The County participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to, partially or fully, finance certain activities. In addition, the County receives entitlements from the State through the legislative actions and taxes collected by the State on behalf of the County (other taxes). All federal grants shown below are either direct or passed through state or local agencies and are reported on the financial statements as due from other governments.

Amounts due from federal and state as of September 30, 2023 are summarized below:

		State Grants		Total
Non-major governmental funds	\$_	60,052	\$_	60,052
Total	\$_	60,052	\$	60,052

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES, UNCOLLECTIBLE ACCOUNTS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND UNEARNED REVENUES - Continued

Judicial Receivables

Judicial receivables are reported in the governmental activities statement of net position. Since these receivables do not represent current available resources, they are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The allowance for uncollectible receivables related to the County's various court assessments is determined based on historical experience and evaluation of collectability in relation to the aging of customer accounts. The following is a summary of the receivable and allowance for uncollectible as of September 30, 2023:

		Governmental Activities					
		Judicial	Allowance Uncollect	tible	Net		
Judicial Receivables:	<u></u> !	Receivable	Accoun		Receivable		
Justice of the peace County courts	\$	1,185,103 151,120	•	2,552 \$ 5,560	592,551 75,560		
District courts	_	176,637	88	<u>3,319</u>	88,318		
Total	\$_	1,512,860	\$ <u>756</u>	5 <u>,431</u> \$	<u>756,429</u>		

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds report deferred inflows of resources in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. As of September 30, 2023, the various components of deferred inflows of resources and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Major Funds				
	General	Road & Bridge	COVID Recovery ARP		
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	Fund	Fund	<u>Funds</u>	Total	
Delinquent property taxes receivable	\$ <u>78,950</u>	\$57,308	\$	\$ <u>136,258</u>	
	\$ <u>78,950</u>	\$57,308	\$	\$ <u>136,258</u>	
Unearned Revenue: Federal grants	\$	\$	\$792,833	\$792,833	
	\$	\$	\$ <u>792,833</u>	\$ <u>792,833</u>	

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES, UNCOLLECTIBLE ACCOUNTS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND UNEARNED REVENUES - Continued

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities defer the recognition of pension expense for contributions made from the measurement date to the current year-end of September 30, 2023 and report these as deferred outflows of resources. Governmental activities also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned and report these amounts as a deferred inflow of resources. Further, for governmental activities, like governmental funds, defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned and report these amounts as a liability (unearned revenue).

Deferred Outflows of December		roprietary Fund mbulance Fund
Deferred Outflows of Resources: Pension Related:		
Changes in assumptions Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between expected and actual investment earnings Subsequent contributions OPEB Related:	\$	92,808 1,663 340,964 192,042
Changes in assumptions		8,302
Differences between expected and actual experience Subsequent contributions	_	5,080 1,714
	\$	642,573
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Pension Related:		
Changes in assumptions	\$	14,441
Difference between expected and actual experience		13,457
OPEB Related: Changes in assumptions		34,535
Difference between expected and actual experience	_	632
	\$	63,065

As of September 30, 2023, the various components of deferred inflows and outflows of resources reported in the governmental and business-type activities were as follows:

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES, UNCOLLECTIBLE ACCOUNTS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND UNEARNED REVENUES - Continued

<u>Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources and Unearned Revenue</u> - Continued

		Go	vern	Business-Type Activities				
		Deferred	Deferred			Deferred	Deferred	
	_	Outflows of	Inflows of		Unearned	Outflows of	Inflows of	
	<u>_</u> F	Resources_	Resources		<u>Revenue</u>	<u>Resources</u>	Resources	
Pension Related:								
Changes in assumptions	\$	589,610	\$	56,556	\$ -	\$ 92,808	\$ 14,441	
Differences between expected								
and actual experience		6,513		53,092	-	1,663	13,457	
Net difference between expected								
and actual investment earnings		594,032		-	-	340,964	-	
Subsequent contributions		703,260		-	-	192,042	-	
OPEB Related:								
Changes in assumptions		55,374		126,467	-	8,302	34,535	
Differences between expected		•		•		,	•	
and actual experience		19,657		4,883	-	5,080	632	
Subsequent contributions		6,712		, -	_	1,714	_	
Unearned Revenue:		-,				,		
Federal grants		-		-	792,833	-	_	
•	_							
	\$_	<u>1,975,158</u>	\$	240,998	\$ <u>792,833</u>	\$ <u>642,573</u>	\$ <u>63,065</u>	

NOTE 4 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund balances at September 30, 2023 consisted of the following individual fund receivables and payables:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	9-30-23
General	Ambulance	\$ <u>12,126</u>
Total		\$ <u>12,126</u>

Interfund transfers for the year ended September 30, 2023 consisted of the following individual fund transfers in and transfers out:

Transferring Fund	Receiving Fund	9-30-23
General	Road & Bridge	\$ 90,000
General	Other governmental	2,000,000
General	Ambulance	1,000,000
Road & Bridge	General	65,872
Road & Bridge	Other governmental	6,000
COVID Recovery ARP	Ambulance	425,335
Total		\$3,587,207

The Commissioners Court approved these transfers, as transfers of operational funds to cover planned expenditures/expenses.

LAVACA COUNTY, TEXAS *Notes to the Financial Statements* For The Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital Transactions

Governmental Activities:	_	Balance 10-01-22	_	Additions	_Retirements_	_	Balance 09-30-23
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated/Amortized:							
Land	\$	487,447	\$		\$ -	\$	487,447
Construction in progress	-	1,058,150		820,027	-	_	1,878,177
Total capital assets not being							
depreciated/amortized	-	1,545,597		820,027		_	2,365,624
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated/Amortized:							
Buildings and improvements		14,725,426		_	-		14,725,426
Furniture, equipment and vehicles		12,117,709		1,501,736	-		13,619,445
Infrastructure		2,980,510		, , , <u>-</u>	-		2,980,510
Right to use leased assets	_	983,162				_	983,162
Total capital assets being							
depreciated/amortized	_	30,806,807		1,501,736		_	32,308,543
Less Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization For:							
Buildings and improvements		4,976,183		368,136	-		5,344,319
Furniture, equipment and vehicles		7,770,336		794,625	_		8,564,961
Infrastructure		2,980,510		-	-		2,980,510
Right to use leased assets	_	327,721		327,720		_	655,441
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	_	16,054,750		1,490,481	_	_	17,545,231
Total capital assets being							
depreciated/amortized, net	_	14,752,057		11,255		_	14,763,312
Governmental activities capital							
assets, net	\$_	16,297,654	\$	831,282	\$	\$_	17,128,936

LAVACA COUNTY, TEXAS *Notes to the Financial Statements* For The Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS - Continued

Capital Transactions - Continued

	Balance 10-01-22	Additions	Retirements	Balance 09-30-23
Business-type Activities: Ambulance Fund: Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$22,609	\$	\$	\$22,609
Total capital assets not being depreciated	22,609			22,609
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated: Buildings and improvements Furniture, equipment and vehicles	675,942 1,648,832	- 179,817		675,942 1,828,649
Total capital assets being depreciated	2,324,774	179,817		2,504,591
Less Accumulated Depreciation For: Buildings and improvements Furniture, equipment and vehicles	255,470 <u>956,991</u>	16,899 207,640		272,369 1,164,631
Total accumulated depreciation	1,212,461	224,539	_	1,437,000
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	1,112,313	(44,722)	-	1,067,591
Ambulance capital assets, net	\$ <u>1,134,922</u>	\$ <u>(</u> 44,722)	\$	\$1,090,200

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS - Continued

Depreciation/Amortization

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged as direct expense to functional categories of the County as follows:

Course was a satel A stirities	09-30-23
Governmental Activities: General administration Judicial and legal Financial administration Public facilities Public safety Public transportation Conservation	\$ 571,909 5,517 9,349 91,683 263,111 547,732
	\$ <u>1,490,481</u>
Business-type Activities: Ambulance	\$ <u>224,539</u>

Construction Commitments

As of September 30, 2023, the County did not have any construction commitments.

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT

Notes Payable

On March 24, 2015, the County entered into an Emergency Conservation Project in the amount of \$733,029. This note provided funds to acquiring, constructing, and equipping additions, improvements, extensions and equipment for the County's Emergency Conservation Project. The note will yield an interest rate of 4.39% with a maturity of March 24, 2030.

On April 1, 2020, the County entered in a note payable in the amount of \$ 241,027. The proceeds of this note were used to purchase equipment. This note will yield an interest rate of 3.35% with a maturity of April 8, 2025.

On August 9, 2022, the County entered in a note payable in the amount of \$ 132,215. The proceeds of this note were used to purchase equipment. This note will yield an interest rate of 4.61% with a maturity of August 9, 2026.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

Aggregate maturities of this note payable for the years subsequent to September 30, 2023 are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	_	Principal		Total <u>Requirement</u>		
2024	\$	133,386	\$ 29,393	\$ 162,779		
2025		142,013	23,982	165,995		
2026		97,193	18,958	116,151		
2027		68,572	13,830	82,402		
2028		75,098	10,819	85,917		
2029-2030	_	171,357	11,445	182,802		
	\$_	687,619	\$108,427	\$ <u>796,046</u>		

Changes in Long-Term Debt

Transactions for the year ended September 30, 2023 are summarized as follows:

		Balance 10-01-22		Issues or Additions		ayments or xpenditures		Balance 09-30-23		ue Within One Year
Governmental Activities:						<u> </u>				
Notes payable	\$	812,818	\$	_	\$	125,199	\$	687,619	\$	133,386
Lease liability		648,026		-	·	327,665	·	320,361		320,361
Net pension liability		-		8,792,623		5,063,819		3,728,804		-
Total OPEB liability		659,486		53,655		172,044		541,097		-
Compensated absences	_	301,368	_	289,895	_	309,112	_	282,151	_	268,538
Total governmental activities	\$_	2,421,698	\$_	9,136,173	\$_	5,997,839	\$_	5,560,032	\$	722,285
Business-Type Activities:										
Net pension liability	\$	-	\$	1,993,819	\$	1,382,801	\$	611,018	\$	-
Total OPEB liability		107,215		14,651		46,981		74,885		-
Compensated absences	_	41,027	_	40,441	_	33,389	_	48,079		33,389
Total business-type activities	\$_	148,242	\$_	2,048,911	\$_	1,463,171	\$_	733,982	\$	33.389

Compensated absences, net pension liability and total OPEB liability are payable by the fund in which the individual positions are budgeted.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 7 - LEASES

In July 2021, the County entered into a three year lease agreement for the lease of radio equipment. Based on this agreement, the County is required to make annual payments of \$ 335,136. There are no renewal options included in this lease agreement and the County will not purchased the radio equipment at the end of the lease term. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$ 983,162 using 2.28% discount rate during the current fiscal year.

The future principal and interest lease payments as of September 30, 2023 were as follows:

September 30	<u>P</u>	rincipal_	Int	<u>erest</u>	 Total
2024	\$	320,361	\$	14,775	\$ 335,136
	\$	320,361	\$	14,775	\$ 335,136

NOTE 8 - TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN

Plan Description - The County provides retirement, disability, and death benefits for all of its full-time employees through a non-traditional defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system consisting of more than 850 non-traditional defined benefit plans. TCDRS in the aggregate issues a annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) on a calendar year basis. The ACFR is available upon written request from the TCDRS Board of Trustees at P.O. Box 2034, Austin, TX 79768-2034.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the employer, within the options available in the Texas state statutes governing TCDRS (TCDRS Act). Members can retire at age 60 and above with 8 or more years of service, with 30 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after 8 years of service, but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by their employer.

All eligible employees of the County are required to participate in TCDRS.

The plan provisions are adopted by Commissioner's Court of the County, within the options available in the state statutes governing TCDRS. Plan provisions for the County were as follows:

	Plan Year 2023	Plan Year 2022
Employee deposit rate	7.00%	7.00%
Employer deposit rate Matching ratio (County to employee)	17.00% 2 to 1	17.00% 2 to 1
Years required for vesting	8	8
Service retirement eligibility (expressed as age/years of service)	60/8, 0/30	60/8, 0/30

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 8 - TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN - Continued

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms:

At the December 31, 2022 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	168
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	196
Active employees	201
	565

Contributions - The contribution rates for employees in TCDRS are either 4%, 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee compensation, and the employer matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the employer. Under the state laws governing TCDRS, the contribution rate for each employer is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. Participating employers are required to contribute at the actuarially determined rates to ensure adequate funding for each employer's plan. Employer contribution rates are determined annually and approved by the TCDRS Board of Trustees.

Each employer has the opportunity to make additional contributions in excess of its annual required contribution rate either by adopting an elected rate that is higher than the required rate or by making additional contributions on an ad hoc basis. Employers may make additional contributions to pay down their liabilities faster, pre-fund benefit enhancements and/or buffer against future adverse experience. In addition, employers annually review their plans and may adjust benefits and costs based on their local needs and budgets. Although accrued benefits may not be reduced, employers may reduce future benefit accruals and immediately reduce costs.

Employees of the County were required to contribute 7.00% of their annual compensation during the fiscal year. The County's required contribution rates of 15.28% and 16.42% in calendar years 2023 and 2022, respectively. The County's contributions to TCDRS for the year ended September 30, 2023 were \$ 1,164,074.

Net Pension Liability - The County's Net Pension Liability was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions:

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation 2.50% per year Overall payroll growth 3.00% per year

Investment Rate of Return 7.50%, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 8 - TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN - Continued

Except where indicated in the section of this GASB 68 report entitled "Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used for GASB Calculations", the assumptions used in this analysis for the December 31, 2022 financial reporting metrics are the same as those used in the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation analysis for the County.

Following is a description of the assumptions used in the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation analysis for the County. This information may also be found in the Lavaca County December 31, 2022 Summary Valuation Report.

Economic Assumptions:

TCDRS System-Wide Economic Assumptions

Real rate of return	5.00%
Inflation	2.50%
Long-term investment return	7.50%

The assumed long-term investment return of 7.50% is net after investment and administrative expenses. It is assumed returns will equal the nominal annual rate of 7.50% for calculating the actuarial accrued liability and the normal cost contribution rate for the retirement plan of each participating employer.

The annual salary increase rates assumed for individual members vary by length of service and by entry-age group. The annual rates consist of a general wage inflation component of 3.00% (made up of 2.50% inflation and 0.50% productivity increase assumptions) and a merit, promotion and longevity component that on average approximates 1.70% per year for a career employee.

Employer Specific Economic Assumptions

Growth in membership	0.00%
Payroll growth	3.00%

The payroll growth assumption is for the aggregate covered payroll of an employer.

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS assets is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns, and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information shown below are provided by TCDRS' investment consultant, Cliffwater LLC. The numbers are based on January 2023 information for a 10-year time horizon.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 8 - TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN - Continued

The valuation assumption for long-term expected return is re-assessed in detail at a minimum of every four years, and is set based on a long-term time horizon. The TCDRS Board of Trustees adopted the current assumption at their March 2021 meeting. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Benchmark	Target Allocation ⁽¹⁾	Real Rate of Return (Expected minus Inflation) ⁽²⁾
110 5 . **	D	44 500/	4.050/
US Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	11.50%	4.95%
Global Equities	MSCI World (net) Index	2.50%	4.95%
International Equities - Developed Markets	MSCI World Ex USA (net) Index	5.00%	4.95%
International Equities - Emerging Markets	MSCI Emerging Markets (net) Index	6.00%	4.95%
Investment-Grade Bonds	Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Bond Index	3.00%	2.40%
Strategic Credit	FTSE High-Yield Cash-Pay Index	9.00%	3.39%
Direct Lending	Morningstar LSTA US Leveraged Loan		
	TR USD Index	16.00%	6.95%
Distressed Debt	Cambridge Associates Distressed Securities	;	
	Index ⁽³⁾	4.00%	7.60%
REIT Equities	67% FTSE NAREIT All Equity REITs Index +	+ 33%	
·	S&P Global REIT (net) Index	2.00%	4.15%
Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs)	Alerian MLP Index	2.00%	5.30%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index(4)	6.00%	5.70%
Private Equity	Cambridge Associates Global Private Equity	&	
• •	Venture Capital Index ⁽⁵⁾	25.00%	7.95%
Hedge Funds	Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI) Fund		
· ·	of Funds Composite Index	6.00%	2.90%
Cash Equivalents	90-Day U.S. Treasury	2.00%	0.20%
'	•		

⁽¹⁾ Target asset allocation adopted at the March 2023 TCDRS Board meeting.

Discount Rate - The discount rate is the single rate of return that, when applied to all projected benefit payments results in an actuarial present value of projected benefit payments equal to the total of the following:

- 1. The actuarial present value of benefit payments projected to be made in future periods in which (a) the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be greater than the benefit payments that are projected to be made in that period and (b) pension plan assets up to that point are expected to be invested using a strategy to achieve the long-term rate of return, calculated using the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments.
- 2. The actuarial present value of projected benefit payments not include in (1), calculated using the municipal bond rate.

⁽²⁾ Geometric real rates of return equal the expected return for the asset class minus the assumed inflation rate of 2.30%, per Cliffwater's 2023 capital market assumptions

⁽³⁾ Includes vintage years 2005-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes vintage years 2007-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

⁽⁵⁾ Includes vintage years 2006-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 8 - TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN - Continued

Therefore, if plan investments in a given future year are greater than projected benefit payments in that year and are invested such that they are expected to earn the long-term rate of return, the discount rate applied to projected benefit payments in that year should be the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments. If future years exist where this is not the case, then an index rate reflecting the yield on a 20-year, tax-exempt municipal bond should be used to discount the projected benefit payments for those years.

The determination of a future date when plan investments are not sufficient to pay projected benefit payments is often referred to as a depletion date projection. A depletion date projection compares projections of the pension plan's fiduciary net position to projected benefit payments and aims to determine a future value, if one exists, when the fiduciary net position is projected to be less than projected benefit payments. If an evaluation of the sufficiency of the projected fiduciary net position compared to projected benefit payments can be made with sufficient reliability without performing a depletion date projection, alternative methods to determine sufficiency may be applied.

In order to determine the discount rate to be used by the employer we have used an alternative method to determine the sufficiency of the fiduciary net position in all future years. Our alternative method reflects the funding requirements under the employer's funding policy and the legal requirements under the TCDRS Act.

- 1. TCDRS has a funding policy where the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) shall be amortized as a level percent of pay over 20-year closed layered periods.
- 2. Under the TCDRS Act, the employer is legally required to make the contribution specified in the funding policy.
- 3. The employer's assets are projected to exceed its accrued liabilities in 20 years or less. When this point is reached, the employer is still required to contribute at least the normal cost.
- 4. Any increased cost due to the adoption of a COLA is required to be funded over a period of 15 years, if applicable.

Based on the above, the projected fiduciary net position is determined to be sufficient compared to projected benefit payments. Based on the expected level of cash flows and investment returns to the system, the fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability is projected to increase from its current level in future years.

Since the projected fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay projected benefit payments in all future years, the discount rate for purposes of calculating the total pension liability and net pension liability of the employer is equal to the long-term assumed rate of return on investments. This long-term assumed rate of return should be net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses for GASB 68 purposes. Therefore, we have used a discount rate of 7.60%. This rate reflects the long-term assumed rate of return on assets for funding purposes of 7.50%, net of all expenses, increased by 0.10% to be gross of administrative expenses.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 8 - TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN - Continued

at Pension		
t Pension		
Net Pension		
oility / (Asset)		
<u>(a)-(b)</u>		
0.400.007\		
2,122,027)		
1,242,286		
4,096,732		
-		
74,828)		
-		
1,510,614)		
622,019)		
3,223,344		
-		
30,505		
76,443		
4,339,822		

⁽¹⁾ Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

Sensitivity Analysis - The following presents the net pension liability of the county, calculated using the discount rate of 7.60%, as well as what the County's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate of 1 percentage-point lower (6.60%) or 1 percentage-point higher (8.60%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease In Discount Rate (6.60%) (7.60%)		1% Increase Ir Discount Rate (8.60%)			
Total pension liability Fiduciary net position	\$_	63,014,798 52,054,135	\$_	56,393,957 52,054,135	\$_	50,791,951 52,054,135
Net pension liability / (asset)	\$_	10,960,663	\$_	4,339,822	\$ <u>(</u>	1,262,184)

⁽²⁾ No plan changes valued.

⁽³⁾ Relates to allocation of system-wide items.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 8 - TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM PENSION PLAN - Continued

Pension Expense:	Year Ended 12-31-22
Service cost	\$ 1,242,286
Interest on total pension liability (1)	4,096,732
Administrative expenses	30,505
Member contributions	(622,019)
Expected investment return net of investment expenses	(4,239,159)
Recognition of deferred inflows/outflows of resources:	,
Recognition of economic/demographic gains or losses	(85,261)
Recognition of assumption changes or inputs	` 611,419 [´]
Recognition of investment gains or losses	96,834
Other (2)	76,444
Pension expense	\$ 1.207.781

⁽¹⁾ Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

Deferred Inflows and Outflows - At September 30, 2023, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Οι	Deferred utflows of esources	Ir	Deferred of esources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	8,176	\$	66,549
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings		934,996		
Changes in assumptions		682,418		70,997
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date (3)		895,302		
Totals	\$2	2,520,892	\$_	137,546

Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, excluding contributions made subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized in pension expenses as follows:

Year Ended September 30,		
2024	\$ (82,500)
2025	į (60,280)
2026	·	138,325
2027		1,492,499
2028		-
Thereafter (4)		-

⁽³⁾ Any eligible employer contributions were made subsequent to the measurement date through the employer's fiscal year end, the employer should reflect these contributions, adjusted as outlined in GASB No. 71.

⁽²⁾ Related to allocation of system-wide items.

⁽⁴⁾ Total remaining balance to be recognized in future years, if any. Note that additional deferred inflows and outflows of resources may impact these numbers.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 9 - POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

Plan Description - The County participates in the retiree Group Term Life program (GTL) for the Texas County & District Retirement System (TCDRS), which is a defined benefits group term life insurance plan. Participation in the retiree GTL program is optional and the employer may elect to opt out of (or opt into) coverage as of January 1 each year. As the GTL program covers both active and retiree participants, with no segregation of asset, the GTL program is considered to be an unfunded single-employer OPEB plan (i.e. no assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of the GASB Statement No. 75)

Benefits Provided - The plan provides a \$ 5,000 post-retirement death benefit to beneficiaries of service retirees and disability retirees of employers that have elected participation in the retiree GTL program. The death benefit for retirees is considered an other post-employment benefit and is a fixed amount of \$ 5,000.

At the December 31, 2022 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	145
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	50
Active employees	201
	396

Contributions - For GASB 75 purposes, the TCDRS GTL plan is not a cost sharing plan as the employer's benefit payments for the year are treated as being equal to its annual retiree GTL contributions. Employers in the TCDRS GTL program make a combined contribution for both the active and retiree coverage; however, only the retiree coverage is considered an OPEB plan and therefore only the contribution associated with retiree coverage are included under GASB 75.

The County's contribution rate for the retiree GTL program is calculated annually on an actuarial basis, and is equal to the cost of providing a one-year death benefit equal to \$ 5,000. Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated on a calendar year basis as of December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported.

The retiree portion of contribution rates to the TCDRS GTL plan for the County was 0.16% and 0.20% in calendar years 2023 and 2022, respectively. The County's contributions to the TCDRS GTL plan for the year ended September 30, 2023 were \$ 11,588.

Total OPEB Liability - The County's total OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2022 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions - The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

The discount rate used to measure the TCDRS OPEB liability was 3.72% and was based on the 20 year bond GO index published by bondbuyer.com as of December 31, 2022.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 9 - POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) - Continued

Mortality rates for depositing members were 135% of Pub-2010 General Employees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for males and 120% Pub-2010 General Employees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010. Mortality rates for service retirees, beneficiaries and non-depositing members were 135% of Pub-2010 General Healthy Retiree Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for males and 120% Pub-2010 General Healthy Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010. Mortality rates for disabled retirees were 160% of Pub-2010 General Disabled Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for males and 125% Pub-2010 General Disabled Retirees Amount-Weighted Mortality Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actual experience study for the period January 1, 2017 through December 31, 2020.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance as of December 31, 2021	\$	766,701
Changes for the Year:		
Service cost		28,094
Interest on total OPEB liability (1)		16,191
Changes of benefit terms (2)		_
Effect of economic/demographic experience		24,021
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs (3)	(201,253)
Benefit payments	į (17,772)
Other	`	<u> </u>
Balance as of December 31, 2022	\$	615,982

⁽¹⁾ Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

Sensitivity Analysis - The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 3.72%, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate of 1 percentage-point lower (2.72%) or 1 percentage-point higher (4.72%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease In				1% Increase In			
				scount Rate (3.72%)	Discount Rate (4.72%)			
Total OPEB Liability	\$	727,043	\$	615,982	\$_	528,572		

⁽²⁾ No plan changes valued.

⁽³⁾ Reflects change in discount rate.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 9 - POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) - Continued

OPEB Expense:	Year Ended 12-31-22			
Service cost	\$	28,094		
Interest on total pension liability ⁽¹⁾		16,191		
Effect of plan changes		-		
Recognition of deferred inflows/outflows of resources:				
Recognition of economic/demographic gains or losses		5,138		
Recognition of assumption changes or inputs	(4,289)		
Other				
OPEB expense	\$	<u>45,134</u>		

⁽¹⁾ Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

Deferred Inflows and Outflows - At September 30, 2023, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual economic experience Changes in assumptions Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$	24,737 63,676 8,426	\$ _	5,515 161,002	
Totals	\$	96,839	\$_	166,517	

Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, excluding contributions made subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized in pension expenses as follows:

Year Ended September 30,		
2024	\$	8,211
2025	(19,199)
2026	į (31,672)
2027	į (35,444)
2028	`	
Thereafter (2)		_

⁽²⁾ Total remaining balance to be recognized in future years, if any. Note that additional deferred inflows and outflows of resources may impact these numbers.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 10 - SELF INSURANCE

Workers Compensation

The County replaced their workers' compensation insurance policy with a self-insured plan that is managed by an independent third party administrator. Claims are evaluated and administered by this third party administrator and paid by the County. Claims administration has been provided by Texas Association of Counties Risk Management Pool during the year ended September 30, 2023.

The accrued liability for Workers' Compensation self-insurance of \$-0- includes estimated incurred but not reported claims. This liability reported in the fund at September 30, 2023, is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred as of the date of the financial statements, and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. Because actual claim liabilities depend on such complex factors as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards, the process used in computing the liability does not result necessarily in an exact amount.

Changes in the workers' compensation claims liability amounts in fiscal 2021-2022 and 2022-2023 are represented below:

	Beginn	ina of	_	rent-Year/ [⊃] eriod			
	Fiscal- Per	Year/ iod	Cla Ch	aims and anges in stimates	_	Claim	Balance at Fiscal Year/ Period-End
2021-2022 Workers Compensation	<u>Liab</u> \$		\$			<u>68,477</u>	
2022-2023 Workers Compensation		-		63,803		63.803	-

NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, business interruption, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, employee health benefits and other claims of various natures. The County participates in the Texas Association of Counties Intergovernmental Risk Pool (the "Pool") which provides protection for risks of loss. Premiums are paid to the Pool which retains the risk of loss beyond the County's policy deductibles. Any losses reported from unsettled or incurred but not reported, are believed to be insignificant to the County's basic financial statement. For the year ended September 30, 2023, there were no significant reductions of insurance coverage or insurance settlements in excess of insurance coverage. Any losses reported but unsettled or incurred and not reported are believed to be insignificant to the County's basic financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 12 - GRANTS, ENTITLEMENTS AND SHARED REVENUES

During the year ended September 30, 2023, the County applied for and received federal and state grants related to various activities. The operations of these grants are reported in the general fund and various special revenue funds. For the most part, these grants are reimbursement type grants and, therefore, revenues equal expenditures. Grant revenues are classified as intergovernmental revenues. The federal financial assistance programs are covered by the requires of the Single Audit Act and the Uniform Guidance.

The state financial assistance programs are covered by the State of Texas Grant Management Standards. A single audit was performed on the federal financial assistance programs as the federal financial assistance programs met the \$ 750,000 threshold. A single audit was not performed on the state financial assistance programs as the state financial assistance programs did not meet the \$ 750,000 threshold.

NOTE 13 - CONTINGENCIES

The County is contingently liable in respect to lawsuits and other claims in the ordinary course of its operations. Such lawsuits include various civil claims that are currently between the stages of discovery and pleadings. The outcome of these lawsuits and other claims are not presently determinable and the resolutions of these matters are not expected to have a material effect on the financial condition of the County. The County does not have any contingent estimated liability as of September 30, 2023.

NOTE 14 - EVALUATION OF SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The County has evaluated subsequent events through May 29, 2024, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

LAVACA COUNTY, TEXASSchedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -Budget And Actual - General Fund and Road & Bridge Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

				Genera	al Fur	nd		
	_	Budgeted Original	l Amo			Actual Amounts	F	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:		Original		ı ıııaı	_	Amounts		(INCGALIVE)
Property taxes Other taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures Investment income	\$	9,880,021 10,000 97,900 1,056,300 43,500 155,700 32,100	\$	9,880,021 10,000 97,900 1,056,300 43,500 155,700 32,100	\$	9,758,308 24,336 371,724 1,384,040 47,715 118,052 331,615	\$(121,713) 14,336 273,824 327,740 4,215 37,648) 299,515
Miscellaneous		78,225		78,225		147,381		69,156
Total revenues		11,353,746	_	11,353,746	_	12,183,171	_	829,425
Expenditures: Current:								
General administration Judicial and legal Financial administration Public facilities Public safety		2,377,255 1,582,850 1,250,686 211,400 3,762,160		2,374,201 1,546,293 1,274,355 252,856 3,742,880		2,168,557 1,459,425 1,220,499 236,802 3,663,468		205,644 86,868 53,856 16,054 79,412
Public transportation Health and welfare Conservation Capital outlay Debt Service:		199,995 136,346 419,925		199,995 136,346 413,691		172,391 137,465 122,279	(27,604 1,119) 291,412
Principal Interest and fiscal charges		49,600 25,137		49,600 25,137	_	46,018 23,322		3,582 1,815
Total expenditures	_	10,015,354	_	10,015,354		9,250,226	_	765,128
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	_	1,338,392	_	1,338,392	_	2,932,945	_	1,594,553
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transfers in Transfers out	Ĺ	- 65,872 3,090,000) <u>(</u>	- 65,872 3,090,000)	<u>(</u>	9,269 65,872 3,090,000)	_	9,269 -
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>(</u>	3,024,128)	(_	3,024,128)	(_	3,014,859)		9,269
Net change in fund balance	(1,685,736)) (1,685,736)	(81,914)		1,603,822
Fund balance - beginning		8,435,997	_	8,435,997	_	8,435,997	_	<u>-</u>
Fund balance - ending	\$	6,750,261	\$	6,750,261	\$	8,354,083	\$	1,603,822

			Road & Br	idge	Fund		
	Budgeted Original	Amou			Actual Amounts		ariance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)
\$	7,368,060	\$	7,368,060	\$	7,287,826	\$(80,234)
	34,000		34,000		13,417	(20,583)
	677,000		677,000		722,208		45,208
_	40,440		40,440 28,108	_	423,827 96,728	_	383,387 68,620
_	8,119,500		8,147,608	_	8,544,006	_	396,398
	-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-
	5,276,356		5,451,673 -		6,525,307	(1,073,634)
	7,513,956		7,316,747		- 1,337,457		5,979,290
	167,769 28,387		209,518 36,638	_	79,181 11,135	_	130,337 25,503
	12,986,468		13,014,576		7,953,080	_	5,061,496
_	4,866,968)		4,866,968)	_	590,926	_	5,457,894
<u>(</u>	- 90,000 71,872)	<u>(</u>	90,000 71,872)	<u>(</u>	93,701 90,000 71,872)	_	93,701 - <u>-</u>
	18,126		18,128		111,829	_	93,701
(4,848,840)	(4,848,840)		702,755		5,551,595
_	10,842,396	_	10,842,396	_	10,842,396		
\$	5,993,556	\$	5,993,556	\$	11,545,151	\$_	5,551,595

Texas County and District Retirement System Schedule of Changes In Net Pension Liability/(Asset) And Related Ratios With a Measurement Date of December 31,

	2	022	2021	2020	2019
Total Pension Liability Service cost Interest on the Total Pension Liability Effect of plan changes		1,242,286 \$ 4,096,732	1,198,407 \$ 3,938,884	1,068,865 \$ 3,794,547	1,032,869 3,633,203
Effect of assumption changes or inputs Effect of economic/demographic (gains) or losses Benefit payments/refunds of contributions	(- (74,828) 3,009,536) (212,993) 24,530 (2,825,336)	2,729,669 (41,715) (2,575,764)	(257,214) (2,334,81 <u>5</u>)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		2,254,654	2,123,492	4,975,602	2,074,043
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	5	4,139,303	52,015,811	47,040,209	44,966,166
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$ <u> 5</u>	<u>6,393,957</u> \$	54,139,303 \$	52,015,811 \$	47,040,209
Fiduciary Net Position Employer contributions Member contributions Investment Income net of investment expenses Benefit payments/refunds of contributions Administrative expense Other	(1,510,614 \$ 622,019 3,223,344) 3,009,536) (30,505) (76,443) (1,414,086 \$ 582,272 10,210,839 2,825,336) (30,438) (10,564)	1,309,698 552,617 4,463,610 (2,575,764) (34,333) (16,828)	\$ 1,240,479 538,669 6,181,982 (2,334,815) (32,936) (13,003)
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	(4,207,195)	9,340,859	3,699,000	5,580,376
Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	5	6,261,330	46,920,471	43,221,471	37,641,095
Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ <u> 5</u>	<u>2,054,135</u> \$	56,261,330 \$	46,920,471 \$	<u>43,221,471</u>
Net Pension Liability/(Asset) (a-b)	\$	<u>4,339,822</u> \$ <u>(</u>	2,122,027) \$	5,095,340 \$	3,818,738
Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability		92.30%	103.92%	90.20%	91.88%
Pensionable Covered Payroll	\$	8,885,985 \$	8,318,168 \$	7,894,524 \$	7,695,273
Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		48.84% (25.51%)	64.54%	49.62%

Note:

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, recalculations of prior years are not required, and if prior years are not reported in accordance with the standards of GASB 68, they should not be shown. Therefore, we have shown only years for which the new GASB statements have been implemented.

20^-	18	2017		2016		2015		2014
	,035,558 \$,434,113	977,342 3,229,946	\$	1,009,498 3,024,593	\$	915,700 2,869,126 145,397)	\$	890,878 2,733,053
(2	- 199,542 (,087,252) (180,215 140,102 2,044,089)	<u>(</u>	- 13,008 1,946,383)	(404,986 213,650) 1,718,343)	(400,781) 1,648,618)
2	,581,961	2,483,516		2,100,716		2,112,422		1,574,532
42	.,384,205	39,900,689		37,799,973		35,687,551		34,113,019
\$44	- <u>,966,166</u> \$	42,384,205	\$	39,900,689	\$	37,799,973	\$	35,687,551
(2 (<u>1</u> <u>38</u>	,215,722 \$ 529,306 725,643) ,087,252) (30,233) (6,304) (,104,404) ,745,499	1,130,673 494,068 4,986,690 2,044,089) 25,767) 5,863) 4,535,712 34,209,787 38,745,499	\$ (1,072,639 465,788 2,382,190 1,946,383) 25,854) 135,107 2,083,487 32,126,300 34,209,787	,	1,073,260 466,056 93,944 1,718,343) 23,176) 21,463) 129,722) 32,256,022 32,126,300	\$ ((()	1,000,610 434,509 2,093,326 1,648,618) 24,240) 242,952) 1,612,635 30,643,387 32,256,022
\$ 7	,325,071 \$	3,638,706	\$	5,690,902	\$	5,673,673	\$	3,431,529
	83.71%	91.41% 7,014,127)	85.74% 6,654,111	-	84.99% 6,657,948	,	90.38%
	96.87%	51.88%)	85.52%	6	85.22%	, D	55.28%

Texas County and District Retirement System Schedule of Employer Contributions For the Ten Years Ended September 30,

	Actuarially Determined Ontribution ⁽¹⁾	Actual Employer ontribution ⁽¹⁾		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	F	Pensionable Covered Payroll ⁽²⁾	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2014	\$ 1,000,610	\$ 1,000,610	\$	-	\$	6,207,264	16.1%
2015	1,059,945	1,073,260	(13,315)		6,657,948	16.1%
2016	1,045,361	1,072,639	(27,278)		6,654,111	16.1%
2017	1,072,460	1,130,673	(58,213)		7,014,127	16.1%
2018	1,196,987	1,215,722	(18,735)		7,561,508	16.1%
2019	1,195,076	1,240,479	(45,403)		7,695,273	16.1%
2020	1,309,698	1,309,698		-		7,894,524	16.6%
2021	1,349,207	1,414,086	(64,879)		8,318,168	17.0%
2022	1,083,358	1,182,411	(99,053)		6,955,357	17.0%
2023	1,064,320	1,164,074	(99,754)		6,847,493	17.0%

⁽¹⁾ TCDRS calculates actuarially determined contributions on a calendar year basis. GASB Statement No. 68 indicates the employer should report employer contribution amounts on a fiscal year basis.

⁽²⁾ Payroll is calculated based on contributions as reported to TCDRS.



Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios For the Last Ten Years Ended December 31,

		2022		2021		2020		2019
Total OPEB Liability	•	22.224	•	22.24	•	05.045	•	40.00=
Service cost Interest	\$	28,094 16,191	\$	28,214 15,725	\$	25,615 17,841	\$	16,395 19,854
Effect of assumption changes or inputs	(201,253)		13,211		76,178		126,399
Effect of economic/demographic (gains) or losses	`	24,021		5,652	(13,786)		10,644
Benefit payments	(<u>17,772</u>)	(<u>19,132</u>)	(<u>16,579</u>)	(_	<u>14,621</u>)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	(150,719)		43,670		89,269		158,671
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	_	766,701	_	723,031	_	633,762	_	475,091
Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a)	\$	615,982	\$_	766,701	\$_	723,031	\$_	633,762
Covered Payroll	\$	8,885,985	\$	8,318,168	\$	7,894,524	\$	7,695,273
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		6.93%	, D	9.22%	6	9.16%	0	8.24%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years for which information is available.

	2018		2017
\$	20,331 17,548	\$	17,194 17,941
(53,027)		20,461
	7,324	(9,787)
(_	<u>13,611</u>)	(13,327)
(21,435)		32,482
_	496,526	_	464,044
\$_	475,091	\$_	496,526
\$	7,561,508	\$	7,014,127
	6.28%)	7.08%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For The Year Ended September 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY/(ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS

Valuation Date Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated each

December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which

contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age (level percentage of pay)

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining Amortization Period 11.4 years (based on contribution rate calculated in 12/31/2022

valuation)

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases Varies by age and service. 4.7% average over career including

inflation.

Investment Rate of Return 7.50%, net of administrative and investment expenses, including

inflation

Retirement Age Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to

commence receiving benefit payments based on age. The

average age at service retirement for recent retirees is 61.

Mortality 135% of the Pub-2010 General Retirees Table for males and

120% of the Pub-2010 General Retirees Table for females, both projected with 100% of the MP-2021 Ultimate scale after 2010.

Changes in Assumptions and

Reflected in the

Schedule of Employer

Contributions*

2015: New inflation, mortality and other assumption were reflected.

2017: New mortality assumptions were reflected.

2019: New inflation, mortality, and other assumptions were reflected. 2022: New investment return and inflation assumptions were reflected.

Changes in Plan Provisions Employer Contributions*

2015: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

2016: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

2017: New Annuity Purchase Rates were reflected for benefits

earned after 2017

2018: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule. 2019: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

2020: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

2020. No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the oblication

2021: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

2022: No changes in plan provisions were reflected in the Schedule.

^{*} Only changes that affect the benefit amount and that are effective 2015 and later are shown in the Notes to the Schedule.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

LAVACA COUNTY, TEXAS
Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds
September 30, 2023

					<u>Special</u>
Acceto	,	County Attorney Seizure Fund	Con	neriff's traband ⁻ und	Abandoned Motor Vehicle Fund
Assets: Cash and temporary investments Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles): Due from other governments	\$	6,079	\$	5,532 	\$ 21,212
Total assets	\$	6,079	\$	5,532	\$ 21,212
Liabilities and Fund Balance: Liabilities: Accounts and accrued liabilities payable	\$		\$	-	\$ <u>-</u>
Total liabilities				<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>
Fund Balance: Restricted		6,079		5,532	 21,212
Total fund balance		6,079		5,532	 21,212
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	6,079	\$	5,532	\$ 21,212

Re	venue Funds										
	Appellate Judicial System Fee Fund		County Attorney Pretrial Fee Fund		Task Force Indigent Defense Fund		Opioid Settlement Fund		Justice Clerk Building Security Fund		County Clerk Digital Preserve Fund
\$	1,313	\$	97,704	\$	2,319	\$	14,671	\$	20,162	\$	5,003
_	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>		60,052	_	-	_	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>
\$_	1,313	\$_	97,704	\$_	62,371	\$_	14,671	\$_	20,162	\$_	5,003
\$_		\$_		\$_	20,025	\$_		\$_		\$_	-
_		_		_	20,025	_		_		_	
_	1,313	_	97,704	_	42,346	_	14,671	_	20,162	_	5,003
_	1,313	_	97,704	_	42,346	_	14,671	_	20,162	_	5,003
\$_	1,313	\$_	97,704	\$	62,371	\$_	14,671	\$_	20,162	\$_	5,003

LAVACA COUNTY, TEXAS
Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds
September 30, 2023

				Special
Acceto	[Pr	rict Clerk Digital reserve Fund	County Clerk Technology Fund	District Clerk Technology Fund
Assets: Cash and temporary investments Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles): Due from other governments	\$	27,439 	\$ 13 	\$ 2,462
Total assets	\$	27,439	\$ <u>13</u>	\$ 2,462
Liabilities and Fund Balance: Liabilities: Accounts and accrued liabilities payable	\$		\$ <u>-</u>	\$
Total liabilities		<u>-</u>		 -
Fund Balance: Restricted		27,439	13	2,462
Total fund balance		27,439	13	 2,462
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	27,439	\$ <u>13</u>	\$ 2,462

Rev	renue Funds												
	District Clerk Archive Fund	Justice Court Technology Fund		County Clerk Records Management Fund			District Clerk Records Management Fund	Jury Service Fund			Family Protection Fund		
\$	21,486	\$	18,564	\$	231,638	\$	25,767	\$	9,300	\$	17,760		
\$ <u></u>	21,486	\$ ₌	18,564	\$ ₌	231,638	\$ ₌	25,767	\$ ₌	9,300	\$ _	17,760		
\$		\$_		\$_	799	\$_		\$_		\$_			
		_	-	-	799	_	-	_	<u>-</u>	_	-		
	21,486	_	18,564	_	230,839	_	25,767	_	9,300	_	17,760		
_	21,486	_	18,564	_	230,839	_	25,767	_	9,300	_	17,760		
\$	21,486	\$_	18,564	\$_	231,638	\$_	25,767	\$_	9,300	\$_	17,760		

LAVACA COUNTY, TEXAS
Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds
September 30, 2023

					Special
Acceto	Al Pre	Child ousive vention Fund	Courthouse Records Management Fund	(Courthouse Security Fund
Assets: Cash and temporary investments Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles): Due from other governments	\$	1,654 <u>-</u>	\$ 23,875	\$	114,862
Total assets	\$	1,654	\$23,875	\$	114,862
Liabilities and Fund Balance: Liabilities: Accounts and accrued liabilities payable	\$	<u> </u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	
Total liabilities		<u>-</u>			<u>-</u>
Fund Balance: Restricted		<u> 1,654</u>	23,875		114,862
Total fund balance		1,654	23,875		114,862
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	1,654	\$\$	\$	114,862

Re	venue Funds										
Records Archive Fund		Law Enforcement Training Fund			Emergency Appropriations Fund		Ambulance Service Grant Fund		Tobacco Settlement Fund		Special Reserve Fund
\$	189,713	\$	30,183	\$	168,668	\$	309,675	\$	18,751	\$	549,092
_ \$	189,713	_ \$	30,183	\$	168,668	_ \$	309,675	_ \$		_ \$	<u>-</u> 549,092
Υ=	188,1.18	*=	33,:33	*=		τ=	333,3	Υ=		Υ=	<u> </u>
\$_	385	\$_		\$_	<u>-</u>	\$_	472	\$_	<u>-</u>	\$_	-
_	385	_		-		_	472	_		_	
_	189,328	_	30,183	_	168,668	_	309,203	_	18,751	_	549,092
_	189,328	_	30,183	_	168,668	_	309,203	_	18,751	_	549,092
\$_	189,713	\$_	30,183	\$_	168,668	\$_	309,675	\$_	18,751	\$_	549,092

LAVACA COUNTY, TEXAS
Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds
September 30, 2023

					5	Special Revenue
Acceptan		Law Library Fund	Ho Co	ttorney t Check ollection Fund		County Attorney Judicial Funds
Assets: Cash and temporary investments Receivables (Net of Allowance for Uncollectibles): Due from other governments	\$	122,081	\$	12,268	\$	1,003
Total assets	\$	122,081	\$	12,268	\$	1,003
Liabilities and Fund Balance: Liabilities: Accounts and accrued liabilities payable	\$	2,947	\$	121	\$	567
Total liabilities	Ψ	2,947	Ψ	121	Ψ <u> </u>	567
Fund Balance: Restricted		119,134		12,147		436
Total fund balance		119,134		12,147		436
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	122,081	\$	12,268	\$	1,003

Fund	ds Total Special Revenue Funds		Capital Improvement Fund		Capital Courthouse Fund	Total Capital Projects Fund		_	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
\$	2,070,249	\$	130,232	\$	2,059,694	\$	2,189,926	\$	4,260,175
	60,052	_	-	_	-	_		_	60,052
\$	2,130,301	\$_	130,232	\$_	2,059,694	\$	2,189,926	\$_	4,320,227
\$	25,316	\$_	6,510	\$_		\$_	6,510	\$_	31,826
	25,316	_	6,510	_	-	_	6,510	_	31,826
	0.404.005		100 700		0.050.004		0.400.440		4 000 404
	2,104,985	_	123,722	_	2,059,694	_	2,183,416	_	4,288,401
	2,104,985	_	123,722	_	2,059,694	_	2,183,416	_	4,288,404
\$	2,130,301	\$_	130,232	\$_	2,059,694	\$	2,189,926	\$_	4,320,227

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures And Change In Fund Balance - Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

					<u>Special</u>	
_	Att Se	ounty corney eizure und	Sheriff's Contraband Fund	Abandoned Motor Vehicle Fund		
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	
Charges for services Fines and forfeitures Investment income Miscellaneous		2,015 141	- - 148 		672	
Total revenues		2,156	148		672	
Expenditures: Current:						
General administration		_	_		_	
Judicial and legal		-	-		-	
Public facilities		-	-		-	
Public safety Capital outlay		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		7,747 	
Total expenditures		-			7,747	
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures		2,156	148	(7,075)	
Other Financing Sources: Transfers in		<u>-</u>			<u>-</u>	
Total other financing sources					<u>-</u>	
Net change in fund balance		2,156	148	(7,075)	
Fund balance - beginning		3,923	5,384		28,287	
Fund balance - ending	\$	6,079	\$5,532	\$	21,212	

	nue Funds Appellate Judicial ystem Fee Fund	County Attorney Pretrial Fee Fund		ask Force Indigent Defense Fund		Opioid Settlement Fund	Jı	stice Court Building Security Fund		County Clerk Digital Preserve Fund
\$	1,519	3,650	\$	314,209	\$	14,432	\$	-	\$	<u>-</u>
	- - -	3,021 -		1,230		239		559 587		138 -
	1,519	6,671		315,439	_	14,671		1,146	_	138
	- 1,602	-		- 340,313		- -		-		- -
	- - -	- - 		- - -	_	- - -		- - -	_	- - -
	1,602			340,313	_	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	_	
(83)	6,671		24,874)	_	14,671		1,146	_	138
					_				_	
	- 83)	6,671			_			1,146	-	- 138
(1,39 <u>6</u>	91,033	(67,220		14,071		19,016		4,865
\$		\$ 97,704	\$	42,346	\$_	14,671	\$	20,162	\$_	5,003

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change In Fund Balance - Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

				Special Special
	D Pro	rict Clerk Digital eserve Fund	County Clerk Technology Fund	District Clerk Technology Fund
Revenues: Intergovernmental Charges for services	\$	- 130	\$ - 157	\$ - 96
Fines and forfeitures Investment income Miscellaneous		- 852 -	- 14 -	71
Total revenues		982	171	167
Expenditures: Current: General administration Judicial and legal Public facilities Public safety Capital outlay		- - - -	1,288 - - - -	- - - -
Total expenditures		<u>-</u>	1,288	
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures		982	(1,117)	167
Other Financing Sources: Transfers in				
Total other financing sources		<u>-</u>		
Net change in fund balance		982	(1,117)	167
Fund balance - beginning		26,457	1,130	2,295
Fund balance - ending	\$	27,439	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u>2,462</u>

Reve	enue Funds					
	District Clerk Archive Fund	Justice Court Technology Fund	County Clerk Records Management Fund	District Clerk Records Management Fund	Jury Service Fund	Family Protection Fund
\$	- 120	\$ - 1,867	\$ - 58,122	\$ - 6,567	\$ - 230	\$ -
	654 -	478 	6,970	712 	- - 	544
	774	2,345	65,092	7,279	230	544
	-	- 49	40,657 -	-	- 216	- -
	- - -	- - 	- - 	- - 	- - 	- -
	<u>-</u>	49	40,657		216	
	774	2,296	24,435	7,279	14	544
	-	-				
	774	2,296	24,435	7,279	14	544
	20,712	16,268	206,404	18,488	9,286	17,216
\$	21,486	\$ <u>18,564</u>	\$	\$\$	\$9,300	\$ <u>17,760</u>

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change In Fund Balance - Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

				Special
	_	Child Abuse Prevention Fund	Courthouse Records Management Fund	Courthouse Security Fund
Revenues: Intergovernmental Charges for services Fines and forfeitures Investment income Miscellaneous	\$	- 100 31	\$ - 114 - 724	\$ - 13,644 - 3,413
Total revenues		131	838	17,057
Expenditures: Current: General administration Judicial and legal Public facilities Public safety Capital outlay	_	- - - -	- - - -	- - - -
Total expenditures	_	-		
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	_	131	838	17,057
Other Financing Sources: Transfers in	_			-
Total other financing sources	_	-		-
Net change in fund balance		131	838	17,057
Fund balance - beginning	_	1,523	23,037	97,805
Fund balance - ending	\$	1,654	\$\$	\$ <u>114,862</u>

	enue Funds	Law				Ambulance					
Records Archive Fund		Enforcement Training Fund	_	Emergency Appropriations Fund		Service Grant Fund	Tobacco Settlement <u>Fund</u>			Special Reserve Fund	
\$	- 54,240	\$ 3,735	5 \$		\$	- -	\$	546 -	\$	-	
	5,357 -	926	} <u> </u>	5,245 		9,838 104,566	_	542 	_	- 17,851 -	
	59,597	4,661		5,245		114,404	_	1,088	_	17,851	
	11,321			-		-		-		-	
	- - -	3,278	} <u>:</u> .	- - -		35,308 42,000	_	- - -	_	- - -	
	11,321	3,278	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	_	77,308	_	-	_	-	
	48,276	1,383	<u> </u>	5,245	_	37,096	-	1,088	-	17,851	
			: .	6,000		-	_	-	_	-	
	_		: .	6,000		_	_	_	_	-	
	48,276	1,383	}	11,245		37,096		1,088		17,851	
	141,052	28,800	<u>)</u> _	157,423	_	272,107	_	17,663	_	531,241	
\$	189,328	\$30,183	\$	168,668	\$	309,203	\$_	18,751	\$_	549,092	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change In Fund Balance - Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

		Special Revenue Fund	S
	Law Library Fund	Attorney Hot Check Collection Fund	County Attorney Judicial Funds
Revenues: Intergovernmental Charges for services Fines and forfeitures	\$ - 10,534	\$ - 180	\$ 27,500
Investment income Miscellaneous	3,605	48	166
Total revenues	14,139	228	27,666
Expenditures: Current: General administration Judicial and legal Public facilities Public safety Capital outlay	- 7,417 - - -	- 1,552 - - -	28,067 - - -
Total expenditures	7,417	1,552	28,067
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	6,722	(1,324)	(
Other Financing Sources: Transfers in			
Total other financing sources			_
Net change in fund balance	6,722	(1,324)	401)
Fund balance - beginning	112,412	13,471	837
Fund balance - ending	\$ <u>119,134</u>	\$12,147	\$436

	Total Special Revenue Funds		Capital Improvement Fund	_	Capital Courthouse Fund		Total Capital Projects Fund		Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
\$	361,941	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	361,941
	149,651		-		-		-		149,651
	2,674		-		-		-		2,674
	64,217		4,640		59,694		64,334		128,551
_	104,566	-	-	-		_		-	104,566
_	683,049	_	4,640	_	59,694		64,334	-	747,383
	53,266								53,266
	379,216		-		-		-		379,216
	579,210		29,150		_		29,150		29,150
	46,333		23,100		_		23,100		46,333
	42,000		_		_		_		42,000
	+2,000	-		-				-	72,000
_	520,815	_	29,150	_	<u>-</u>	_	29,150	_	549,965
_	162,234	(24,510)	_	59,694		35,184	-	197,418
_	6,000	_		_	2,000,000		2,000,000	_	2,006,000
_	6,000	_	<u>-</u>	_	2,000,000		2,000,000	_	2,006,000
	168,234	(24,510))	2,059,694		2,035,184		2,203,418
_	1,936,751	_	148,232	_	-		148,232	-	2,084,983
\$_	2,104,985	\$_	123,722	\$_	2,059,694	\$	2,183,416	\$	4,288,401

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual - By Function, Department and Legal Level of Budgetary Control - General Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

	Pudgoto	d Amounts	Actual	Variance With Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
General Administration:	Original	Title	7 uno anto	(Hogalito)
County Judge:				
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	\$ 421,069			
Operating expenditures	46,600	46,924	46,435	489
Capital outlay expenditures	12,000	11,676		<u>11,676</u>
Total County Judge	479,669	479,669	375,364	104,305
County Clerk:				
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	504,791	504,791	472,990	31,801
Operating expenditures	115,235	115,235	96,534	18,701
Capital outlay expenditures	31,850	31,850	6,160	25,690
Total County Clerk	651,876	651,876	575,684	76,192
Elections:				
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	244,373	244,373	189,673	54,700
Operating expenditures	153,583	153,583	105,316	48,267
Capital outlay expenditures	19,650	19,650		19,650
Total Elections	417,606	417,606	294,989	122,617
Non-departmental:				
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	40,664	40,664	38,841	1,823
Operating expenditures	722,170	718,792	741,026	(22,234)
Debt service expenditures	74,737	74,737	69,340	5,397
Total Non-departmental	837,571	834,193	849,207	(15,014)
Records Management:				
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	57,747	57,747	57,813	(66)
Operating expenditures	5,150	5,150	28,857	(23,707)
Capital outlay expenditures	76,600	76,600	-	76,600
Total Records Management	139,497	139,497	86,670	52,827
·				
Commissioner's Assistant: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	60,673	61,101	60,987	114
Operating expenditures	5,200	4,772	1,156	3,616
Total Commissioner's Assistant	65,873	65,873	62,143	3,730
Total General Administration	2,592,092	2,588,714	2,244,057	344,657
Judicial and Legal:				
Jury: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	16,182	16,182	15,357	825
Operating expenditures	412,460	370,107	268,341	101,766
Total Jury	428,642	386,289	283,698	102,591
				(continued)

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual - By Function, Department And Legal Level Of Budgetary Control - General Fund - Continued For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

							Variance With Final Budget
	 Budgeted Amounts				Actual	Positive	
Judicial and Legal - Continued: District Clerk:	 Original	_	Final		Amounts		(Negative)
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures Capital outlay expenditures	\$ 264,619 35,900 7,000	\$	270,119 36,196 1,204	\$	277,508 32,688	\$(_	7,389) 3,508 1,204
Total District Clerk	307,519		307,519	_	310,196		2,677)
Justice of the Peace 1: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	140,360 27,526		140,360 27,526	_	122,635 19,286	_	17,725 8,24 <u>0</u>
Total Justice of the Peace 1	 167,886		167,886	_	141,921	_	<u> 25,965</u>
Justice of the Peace 2: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	 46,300 16,200		46,361 16,139		47,863 15,182	(1,502) <u>957</u>
Total Justice of the Peace 2	 62,500		62,500	_	63,045		<u>545</u>)
Justice of the Peace 3: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	57,258 19,020		57,258 	_	49,081 13,797	_	8,177 5,223
Total Justice of the Peace 3	 76,278		76,278	_	62,878	_	13,400
Justice of the Peace 4: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	 137,484 35,450		137,484 35,450	_	140,831 29,183	(3,347) 6,267
Total Justice of the Peace 4	 172,934		172,934	_	170,014	_	2,920
County Attorney: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures Capital outlay expenditures	 317,591 56,500 5,000		317,591 56,500 5,000	_	312,128 32,439	_	5,463 24,061 5,000
Total County Attorney	 379,091		379,091	_	344,567	_	34,524
State Court Costs & Fees: Operating expenditures				_	83,10 <u>6</u>	<u>(</u>	<u>83,106</u>)
Total State Court Costs & Fees	 <u>-</u>			_	83,106	(83,106)
Total Judicial and Legal	 1,594,850		1,552,497	_	1,459,425	_	93,072
Financial Administration: County Auditor:							
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures Capital outlay expenditures	 351,374 37,580 9,000		368,666 40,666 4,222	_	377,686 46,103	(9,020) 5,437) 4,222
Total County Auditor	397,954		413,554	_	423,789		10,235)

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual - By Function, Department And Legal Level Of Budgetary Control - General Fund - Continued For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

									Variance With Final Budget
		Budgeted	d A	Amount		Actual			Positive
Financial Administration - Continued: County Treasurer:		Original	-		Final		Amounts	_	(Negative)
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	\$	146,251	9	\$	146,251	\$	154,280	\$(8,029)
Operating expenditures		13,955			13,955		7,415		4,540
Capital outlay expenditures		4,000			6,000	_	6,000	_	-
Total County Treasurer		164,206			164,206		167,695	(3,489)
Tax Assessor-Collector:		EE0 620			EE0 620		470 400		72,198
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures		550,620 150,906			550,620 156,197		478,422 156,593	,	72,196 396)
Capital outlay expenditures		14,200			8,909		150,595	(8,909
Total Tax Assessor-Collector		715,726			715,726		635,015	_	80,711
Total Tax Assessor-Collector	_	710,720			110,120	_	000,010	-	00,711
Total Financial Administration		1,277,886			1,293,486	_	1,226,499	_	66,987
Public Facilities: Courthouse Annex:									
Operating expenditures		86,600			85,703	_	75,945	_	9,758
Total Courthouse Annex		86,600			85,703	_	75,945	_	9,758
Courthouse:									
Operating expenditures		112,000			154,353		149,798	_	4,555
Total Courthouse	_	112,000			154,353	_	149,798	_	4,55 <u>5</u>
Office Buildings: Operating expenditures		12,800			12,800		11,059		1,741
, , ,				-		_	<u> </u>	_	
Total Office Buildings		12,800			12,800	_	11,059	-	1,741
Total Public Facilities		211,400			252,856	_	236,802	_	16,054
Public Safety: County Jail:									
Operating expenditures		450,000			448,773		368,561		80,212
Capital outlay expenditures		25,000			26,227		<u> </u>	_	26,227
Total County Jail		475,000		-	475,000	_	368,561	_	106,439
Constable - Precinct 1:									
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits		54,445			54,584		55,987	(1,403)
Operating expenditures		9,985			9,846	_	8,630	_	1,216
Total Constable - Precinct 1		64,430			64,430	_	64,617	(187)
Constable - Precinct 2:									
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits		54,395			54,531		55,936	(1,405)
Operating expenditures		12,400			12,264		158	_	12,106
Total Constable - Precinct 2		66,795		-	66,795	_	56,094	_	10,701
									(continued)

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual - By Function, Department And Legal Level Of Budgetary Control - General Fund - Continued For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

		Budgeted	d /			Actual		Variance With Final Budget Positive
		Original		Final	_	Amounts	_	(Negative)
Public Safety - Continued: Constable - Precinct 3:								
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures	\$ 	55,420 8,750	,	\$ 55,420 <u>8,750</u>	\$ -	56,022 4,509	\$(_	602) 4,241
Total Constable - Precinct 3	_	64,170		64,170	_	60,531	_	3,639
Constable - Precinct 4: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures		53,550 7,850		53,672 	_	55,073 3,986	(1,401) 3,74 <u>2</u>
Total Constable - Precinct 4		61,400		61,400	_	59,059	_	2,341
County Sheriff: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures Capital outlay expenditures		2,691,465 363,900 214,000		2,675,865 361,447 216,453	_	2,542,758 511,848 104,219	(133,107 150,401) 112,234
Total County Sheriff		3,269,365		3,253,765	_	3,158,825	_	94,940
Total Public Safety		4,001,160		3,985,560	-	3,767,687	_	217,873
Health and Welfare: Public Welfare: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures		61,295 138,700		61,295 138,700	_	62,826 109,565	(1,531) 29,13 <u>5</u>
Total Public Welfare	_	199,995		199,995	_	172,391	_	27,604
Total Health and Welfare		199,995		199,995	-	172,391	_	27,604
Conservation: County Extension Service: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits		113,052		113.052		116,517	(3,465)
Operating expenditures Capital outlay expenditures		23,294 1,625		23,294 5,900	_	20,948 5,900	_	2,346
Total County Extension Service		137,971		142,246	_	143,365	(1,119)
Total Conservation		137,971		142,246	-	143,365	(1,119)
Total Expenditures	\$	10,015,354	;	\$ <u>10,015,354</u>	\$_	9,250,226	\$_	765,128



Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual - By Function, Department and Legal Level of Budgetary Control - Road & Bridge Fund For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

		Budgeted	A b	mounts		Actual		Variance With Final Budget Positive
		Original		Final		Amounts		(Negative)
Highways and Street:	_		_			,		(Hoganis)
Road and Bridge Precinct 1:								
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits	\$	613,306	\$	618,632	\$	636,186	\$(17,554)
Operating expenditures	•	1,054,400	Ċ	1,049,074	·	1,057,825	(8,751)
Capital outlay expenditures		2,038,000		2,038,000	_	521,495	_	1,516,505
Total Road and Bridge Precinct 1		3,705,706		3,705,706	_	2,215,506	_	1,490,200
Road and Bridge Precinct 2:								
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits		667,721		668,021		601,392		66,629
Operating expenditures		483,410		610,819		1,117,348	(506,529)
Capital outlay expenditures	_	1,233,856		1,106,147	_	47,134	_	1,059,013
Total Road and Bridge Precinct 2	_	2,384,987		2,384,987		1,765,874	_	619,113
Road and Bridge Precinct 3:								
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits		484,751		487,542		500,703	(13,161)
Operating expenditures		620,458		656,775		1,505,528	(848,753)
Capital outlay expenditures		1,991,600		1,930,600		274,798		1,655,802
Debt service expenditures	_	140,000		190,000	_	37,160	_	152,840
Total Road and Bridge Precinct 3		3,236,809		3,264,917		2,318,189	_	946,728
Road and Bridge Precinct 4:								
Salaries and wages, and employee benefits		498,310		498,310		491,107		7,203
Operating expenditures		854,000		862,500		615,218		247,282
Capital outlay expenditures		2,250,500		2,242,000		494,030		1,747,970
Debt service expenditures	_	<u>56,156</u>		56,156	_	53,156	_	3,000
Total Road and Bridge Precinct 4	_	3,658,966		3,658,966	_	1,653,511	_	2,005,455
Total Expenditures	\$	12,986,468	\$	13,014,576	\$_	7,953,080	\$_	5,061,496

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance -Budget and Actual - Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

	Appellate Judicial System Fee Fund										
	Budgeted Original	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)									
Revenues:	ф 4.200	ф 1.200	ф 1.540	ф <u>040</u>							
Intergovernmental Charges for services	\$ 1,300	\$ 1,300	\$ 1,519 -	\$ 219 -							
Investment income											
Total revenues	1,300	1,300	1,519	219							
Expenditures: Judicial and Legal:											
Operating expenditures	2,000	2,000	1,602	398							
Total expenditures	2,000	2,000	1,602	398							
Net change in fund balance	(700	700)	83)	617							
Fund balance - beginning	1,396	1,396	1,396								
Fund balance - ending	\$ <u>696</u>	\$696	\$ <u>1,313</u>	\$ <u>617</u>							

	County Attorney Pretrial Fee Fund										
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)					
\$ 	6,000 200 6,200	\$ 	6,000 200 6,200	\$ 	3,650 3,021 6,671	\$ 	2,350) 2,821 471				
_	30,000 30,000		30,000 30,000	_	<u>-</u>		30,000 30,000				
(23,800)	(23,800)		6,671		30,471				
_	91,033		91,033	_	91,033		-				
\$	67,233	\$	67,233	\$_	97,704	\$	30,471				

		Task Force Indig	gent Defense Fund			
	Budgete Original	Budgeted Amounts Actual Original Final Amounts				
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$ 150,000	\$ 150,000	\$ 314,209	\$ 164,209		
Fines and forfeitures Investment income			1,230	1,230		
Total revenues	150,000	150,000	315,439	165,439		
Expenditures: Judicial and Legal: Operating expenditures	190,000	190,000	340,313	(150,313)		
Total expenditures	190,000	190,000	340,313	(150,313)		
Net change in fund balance	(40,000) (40,000) (24,874) 15,126		
Fund balance - beginning	67,220	67,220	67,200			
Fund balance - ending	\$	\$ <u>27,220</u>	\$ <u>42,346</u>	\$ <u>15,126</u>		

	Justice Center Building Security Fund									
_	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts	_	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
\$_	470 40	\$	470 40	\$	559 587	\$	89 547			
_	510	_	510	_	1,146	-	636			
_	18,800	_	18,800	_		_	18,800			
_	18,800	_	18,800	_	_	-	18,800			
(18,290)	(18,290)		1,146		19,436			
_	19,016	_	19,016	_	19,016	_				
\$_	726	\$_	726	\$_	20,162	\$_	19,436			

		County Clerk D	igital Preserve Fund	
	Budgete Original	ed Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Charges for services Investment income	\$ 500) \$ 50 	0 \$ - - 138	\$(500) 138
Total revenues	500	<u> </u>	00138	(362)
Expenditures: General Administration: Operating expenditures Judicial and Legal: Operating expenditures	5,500	5,50	00 - 	5,500
Total expenditures	5,500	5,50	<u> </u>	5,500
Net change in fund balance	(5,000	5,00	138	5,138
Fund balance - beginning	4,865	5 4,86	<u>4,865</u>	
Fund balance - ending	\$ <u>(</u> 135	5) \$(13	<u>5,003</u>	\$ <u>5,138</u>

	District Clerk Digital Preserve Fund									
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)				
\$	500 	\$	500	\$_	130 852	\$(370) 852			
_	500		500	_	982		482			
	-		-		-		-			
_	26,300		26,300	_			26,300			
_	26,300		26,300	_			26,300			
(25,800)	(25,800)		982		26,782			
_	26,457		26,457	_	26,457		<u>-</u>			
\$	657	\$	657	\$_	27,439	\$	26,782			

		County Clerk Technology Fund									
	Budgeted Original	d Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)							
Revenues: Charges for services Investment income	\$ 100 	\$ 100 	\$ 157 14	\$ 57 14							
Total revenues	100	100	171	71							
Expenditures: General Administration: Operating expenditures Judicial and Legal: Operating expenditures	1,100 	1,100	1,288	(188)							
Total expenditures	1,100	1,100	1,288	(188)							
Net change in fund balance	(1,000) (1,000) (1,117)	(117)							
Fund balance - beginning	1,130	1,130	1,130	-							
Fund balance - ending	\$ <u>130</u>	\$ <u>130</u>	\$13	\$ <u>(117</u>)							

			District Clerk Te	echr	nology Fund			
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
\$_	85 	\$_	85 	\$_	96 71	\$	11 71	
_	85	_	85	_	167		82	
	-		-		-		-	
_	2,260	_	2,260	_	-	_	2,260	
_	2,260	_	2,260	_			2,260	
(2,175)	(2,175)		167		2,342	
_	2,295	_	2,295	_	2,295	_	<u>-</u>	
\$	120	\$_	120	\$_	2,462	\$	2,342	

	District Clerk Archive Fund								
	Budgete Original	Budgeted Amounts Actual Original Final Amounts							
Revenues: Charges for services Investment income	\$ 500 50	•	\$ 120 654	\$(380) 604					
Total revenues	550	550	774	224					
Expenditures: General Administration: Operating expenditures Judicial and Legal: Operating expenditures	20,600	20,600	- -	20,600					
Total expenditures	20,600	20,600		20,600					
Net change in fund balance	(20,050) (20,050) 774	20,824					
Fund balance - beginning	20,712	20,712	20,712						
Fund balance - ending	\$662	\$662	\$21,486	\$20,824					

	Justice Court Technology Fund										
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)					
\$_	1,600 <u>25</u>	\$	1,600 <u>25</u>	\$_	1,867 478	\$_	267 453				
_	1,625		1,625	_	2,345	_	720				
	-		-		-		-				
_	17,100	_	17,100	_	49	_	17,051				
_	17,100		17,100	_	49	_	17,051				
(15,475)	(15,475)		2,296		17,771				
_	16,268		16,268	_	16,268	_	-				
\$	793	\$	793	\$_	18,564	\$_	17,771				

	County Clerk Records Management Fund								
		Budgeted Original	-		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
Revenues: Charges for services Investment income	\$	51,200 500	\$	51,200 500	\$ 58,122 6,970	\$ 6,922 6,470			
Total revenues		51,700		51,700	65,092	13,392			
Expenditures: General Administration: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures Judicial and Legal: Operating expenditures		44,334 51,500		44,334 51,500	37,597 3,060	6,737 48,440 			
Total expenditures		95,834		95,834	40,657	55,177			
Net change in fund balance	(44,134)	(44,134)	24,435	68,569			
Fund balance - beginning		206,404		206,404	206,404				
Fund balance - ending	\$	162,270	\$	162,270	\$230,839	\$ 68,569			

	District Clerk Records Management Fund									
	Budgeted Original					Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)				
\$	1,500 40	\$	1,500 40	\$_	6,567 712	\$	5,067 672			
_	1,540		1,540	_	7,279	-	5,739			
	- -		-		- -		-			
_	13,200		13,200	_	-	_	13,200			
_	13,200	_	13,200	_	<u>-</u>	-	13,200			
(11,660)	(11,660)		7,279		18,939			
_	18,488		18,488	_	18,488	_	-			
\$	6,828	\$	6,828	\$_	25,767	\$_	18,939			

	Jury Service Fund							
	Budg Original	eted Am	mounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
Revenues:	•	70 A	270	Φ 000	Φ/ 440.\			
Charges for services Investment income	\$	70 \$ 	370 	\$ 230 	\$(140) 			
Total revenues	;	<u>70</u>	370	230	(140)			
Expenditures: Judicial and Legal: Operating expenditures Public Facilities: Operating expenditures Capital outlay expenditures	9,3	00 - <u>-</u> -	9,300	216	9,084			
Total expenditures	9,3	00	9,300	216	9,084			
Net change in fund balance	(8,8	30) ((8,930)	14	8,944			
Fund balance - beginning	9,2	<u>86</u>	9,286	9,286	-			
Fund balance - ending	\$3	<u>56</u> \$_	356	\$9,300	\$8,944			

Courthouse Records Management Fund								
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
\$	700 80	\$ _	700 80	\$_	114 724	\$(586) 644	
_	780		780	_	838	_	58	
	-		-		-		-	
_	7,335 15,000	_	7,335 15,000	_	- -	_	7,335 15,000	
_	22,335	_	22,335	_			22,335	
(21,555)	(21,555)		838		22,393	
_	23,037	_	23,037	_	23,037	_		
\$	1,482	\$	1,482	\$_	23,875	\$	22,393	

	Courthouse Security Fund							
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	8,500	\$	8,500	\$	13,644	\$	5,144
Investment income		200		200	_	3,413	_	3,213
Total revenues		8,700		8,700	_	17,057	_	8,357
Expenditures: General Administration: Salaries and wages, and employee benefits Operating expenditures Public facilities:		-		-		- -		- -
Operating expenditures		2,000		2,000		_		2,000
Capital outlay expenditures		90,000		90,000		_		90,000
					_		_	
Total expenditures		92,000		92,000	_	<u>-</u>	_	92,000
Net change in fund balance	(83,300)	(83,300)		17,057		100,357
Fund balance - beginning		97,805		97,805	_	97,805	_	
Fund balance - ending	\$	14,505	\$	14,505	\$_	114,862	\$_	100,357

Records Archive Fund								
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
\$_	50,000 500	\$	50,000 500	\$_	54,240 5,357	\$ 4,240 4,857		
_	50,500	_	50,500	_	59,597	9,097		
	12,498 115,000		12,498 115,000		11,321 -	1,177 115,000		
_	- -	_	- -	_	- -			
_	127,498	_	127,498	-	11,321	116,177		
(76,998)	(76,998)		48,276	125,274		
_	141,052	_	141,052	_	141,052	_		
\$	64,054	\$	64,054	\$_	189,328	\$ 125,274		

	Law Library Fund		
	F <u>Budgeted Amounts</u> Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues: Charges for services Investment income	\$ 9,000 \$ 9,000 \$ 10,534 \$ 200 200 3,605	1,534 3,40 <u>5</u>	
Total revenues	9,200 9,200 14,139	4,939	
Expenditures: Judicial and Legal: Operating expenditures	<u> 15,500</u>	8,083	
Total expenditures	<u> 15,500</u>	8,083	
Net change in fund balance	(6,300) (6,300) 6,722	13,022	
Fund balance - beginning	112,412 112,412 112,412	<u>-</u>	
Fund balance - ending	\$ <u>106,112</u> \$ <u>106,112</u> \$ <u>119,134</u> \$	13,022	

Attorney Hot Check Collection Fund								
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
\$_	500 	\$	500 <u>-</u>	\$_	180 48	\$(320) 48	
_	500		500	_	228	(272)	
_	13,000		13,000	_	1,552		11,448	
_	13,000		13,000	_	1,552		11,448	
(12,500)	(12,500)	(1,324)		11,176	
_	13,471		13,471	_	13,471		<u> </u>	
\$_	971	\$	971	\$	12,147	\$	11,176	









Independent Auditor's Report

On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Honorable County Judge and Members of Commissioners Court Lavaca County, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lavaca County, Texas (the "County"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 29, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

The Honorable County Judge and Members of Commissioners Court Lavaca County, Texas

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

KM&L, LLC

Lake Jackson, Texas May 29, 2024



Independent Auditor's Report

On Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Honorable County Judge And Members of Commissioners Court Lavaca County, Texas

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Lavaca County, Texas' (the "County") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2023. The County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

The Honorable County Judge and Members of Commissioners Court Lavaca County, Texas

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the County's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the County's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the County's internal control over compliance relevant to the
 audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and
 to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform
 Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 County's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

The Honorable County Judge and Members of Commissioners Court Lavaca County, Texas

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

KM&L, LLC

Lake Jackson, Texas May 29, 2024



Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

- I. Summary of auditor's results:
 - 1. Type of auditor's report issued on the financial statements: Unmodified.
 - 2. No internal control findings, required to be reported in this schedule, were disclosed in the audit of the financial statements.
 - 3. Noncompliance, which is material to the financial statements: None.
 - 4. No internal control findings, that are required to be reported in this schedule, was disclosed in the audit of the major programs.
 - 5. Type of auditor's report on compliance for major programs: Unmodified.
 - 6. Did the audit disclose findings which are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516(a): No
 - 7. Major Programs Include:

Federal:

- 21.027 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Act
- 8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$ 750,000
- 9. Low Risk Auditee: No
- II. Findings related to the financial statements

The audit disclosed no findings required to be reported.

III. Findings and questioned costs related to the federal and state awards.

The audit disclosed no findings required to be reported.

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SHANA OPELA LAVACA COUNTY AUDITOR

In accordance with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations §200.511, the auditee is responsible for follow-up and corrective action on all audit findings. As part of this responsibility, the auditee must prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings. This summary schedule of prior audit findings must report the status of the following:

- All audit findings included in the prior audit's schedule of findings and questioned costs
- All audit findings reported in the prior audit's summary schedule of prior audit findings except audit findings listed as corrected.

The schedule of status of prior audit findings is as follows:

None.

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SHANA OPELA LAVACA COUNTY AUDITOR

In accordance with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations §200.511, the auditee must prepare, in a document separate from the auditor's findings described in §200.516 Audit findings, a corrective action plan must be presented to address each finding included in the current year auditor's reports. The corrective action plan is as follows:

None.

LAVACA COUNTY, TEXAS
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Assistance Listing Number	Contract/ Program Number	Expenditures Indirect Costs or Award Amount
U.S. Department of Treasury: Direct Program:			
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027		\$ <u>1,583,453</u>
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY			\$1,583,453
TOTAL FEDERAL ASSISTANCE			\$ <u>1,583,453</u>
TOTAL MAJOR PROGRAMS			\$ <u>1,583,453</u>
TYPE A PROGRAM			\$

Notes on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

1. The County uses funds and account groups to report its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designated to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designated to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available resources. Funds are classified into two categories: governmental and fiduciary. Each category, in turn is divided into separate "fund types". The following fund types were utilized to account for federal awards.

Governmental Fund Types:

General Fund - this is the general operating fund of the County. All financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund, are accounted for in the General Fund. Federal financial assistance not required to be reported in other funds is accounted for in the General Fund.

Special Revenue Funds - used to account for proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. Federal financial assistance generally is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund unless required to be reported in a Capital Projects Fund. Generally, unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.

2. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The Governmental Fund types are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources, and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other State grant funds were accounted for in the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund, a component of the Governmental Fund type.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for the Governmental Fund Types. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on General Long-Term Debt, which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Federal and state grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures/expenses made under the provisions of the grant, and, accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until earned.

- 3. The period of availability for state grant funds for the purpose of liquidation of outstanding obligations made on or before the ending date of the federal and state project period extended 30 days beyond the federal and state project period ending date, in accordance with provisions in Section H, Period of Availability of Federal Funds, Part 3, OMB Compliance Supplement.
- 4. Indirect Cost The County did not elect to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate and received no reimbursements for indirect costs during the year ended September 30, 2023.

